

PGIM India Mutual Fund

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT (SID)



SECTION - I

PGIM India Money Market Fund

(A Money Market Fund - An open ended debt scheme investing in money market instruments. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.)

(The scheme has 1 segregated portfolio which was created under PGIM India Credit Risk Fund. Main portfolio of PGIM India Credit Risk Fund was merged with PGIM India Low Duration Fund w.e.f. January 22, 2022. Further, Main portfolio of PGIM India Low Duration Fund is now merged with PGIM India Money Market Fund effective September 30, 2023.)

Product labeling for the scheme is as follows:

<p>This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regular income for short term. • Investments in Money Market instruments. 	<p align="center">Scheme Riskometer</p>  <p align="center">RISKOMETER</p> <p align="center">The risk of the scheme is Low to Moderate</p>	<p align="center">Benchmark Riskometer</p>  <p align="center">RISKOMETER</p> <p align="center">The risk of the benchmark is Low to Moderate</p> <p align="center">AMFI Tier 1 Benchmark - CRISIL Money Market A-I Index</p>
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*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

(#For latest Risk-o-meters, investors may refer the website of the Fund viz. <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds>)

Potential Risk Class Matrix Cell

Credit Risk →	Relatively Low (Class A)	Moderate (Class B)	Relatively High (Class C)
Interest Rate Risk ↓			
Relatively Low (Class I)		B-I	
Moderate (Class II)			
Relatively High (Class III)			

Continuous Offer of Units at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund	PGIM India Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management Company	PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited
Name of the Trustee Company	PGIM India Trustees Private Limited
Address of the entities	4 th floor, C Wing, Laxmi Towers, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400051
Website	https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme

Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of PGIM India Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds>.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website, <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds>.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated November 27, 2025.

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Part I. HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Name of the scheme	<p>PGIM India Money Market Fund</p> <p>(The scheme has 1 segregated portfolio which was created under PGIM India Credit Risk Fund. Main portfolio of PGIM India Credit Risk Fund was merged with PGIM India Low Duration Fund w.e.f. January 22, 2022. Further, Main portfolio of PGIM India Low Duration Fund is now merged with PGIM India Money Market Fund effective September 30, 2023.)</p>
II.	Category of the scheme	Money Market Fund
III.	Scheme Type	An open ended debt scheme investing in money market instruments. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.
IV.	Scheme Code	PGIM/O/D/MMF/19/12/0021
V.	Investment objective	<p>The Scheme seeks to deliver reasonable market related returns through investments in Money Market instruments.</p> <p>However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. The Scheme does not guarantee/indicate any returns.</p>
VI.	Liquidity/ listing details	<p>The Scheme offers Units for Subscription/switch in and Redemption/switch out at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an ongoing basis.</p> <p>The AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within 3 business days from date of receipt of valid redemption request from the Unit holder.</p> <p>No redemption and subscription shall be allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in segregated portfolio, AMC has enabled listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange and also enable transfer of such units on receipt of transfer requests.</p> <p>In case of exceptional circumstances as prescribed under paragraph 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds and amended from time to time, redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be transferred / dispatched to Unitholders within the time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.</p> <p>Currently the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange.</p>
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	<p>CRISIL Money Market A-I Index</p> <p>As required under paragraph 1.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the benchmark has been selected from amongst those notified by AMFI as the first tier benchmark to be adopted by mutual funds and which are reflective of the category of the scheme.</p> <p>CRISIL Money Market A-I Index seeks to track the performance of a money market portfolio comprising of T-bills, and CPs, CDs issued by issuers having long term AAA rating. This index is a realistic estimate for the scheme, as the scheme invests in instruments similar to the above mentioned instruments to</p>

		maximize returns at a particular level of risk. The above benchmark is line with paragraph 1.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.								
VIII.	NAV Disclosure	<p>The AMC will calculate and update the NAV of the Scheme on all the Business Days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the AMC (https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India – AMFI (https://www.amfiindia.com) before 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day.</p> <p>In case NAV of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (‘CDMDF’) units is not available by 9:30 p.m. of same Business Day, NAV declaration timing for Mutual Fund Schemes holding units of CDMDF shall be 10 a.m. on next business day instead of 11 p.m. on same Business Day.</p> <p>For further details, please refer Section II.</p>								
IX.	Applicable Timelines	<p>Dispatch of redemption proceeds:</p> <p>The AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within 3 business days from date of receipt of valid redemption request from the Unit holder.</p> <p>Dispatch of IDCW:</p> <p>The IDCW proceeds shall be remitted to the Unitholder within 7 business days from the record date.</p>								
X.	Plans & Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	<p>The Scheme shall offer two plans viz. Regular Plan and Direct Plan.</p> <p>Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in the Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor and is offered in accordance with paragraph 2.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.</p> <p>Each Plan has two Options, viz., Growth Option and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW) Option. IDCW Option has the following two facilities:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option (IDCW- Payout); ii. Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option (IDCW- Reinvestment). <p>IDCW Payout Frequency - : Monthly</p> <p>IDCW Reinvestment Frequency - : Daily & Weekly</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>IDCW Frequency</th> <th>Record Date</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Daily IDCW</td> <td>All days for which NAV is declared by AMC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Weekly IDCW</td> <td>Every Friday*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Monthly IDCW</td> <td>Last Friday of the Month*</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*If the record date is not a business day, the record date shall be the business day prior to the record date.</p>	IDCW Frequency	Record Date	Daily IDCW	All days for which NAV is declared by AMC	Weekly IDCW	Every Friday*	Monthly IDCW	Last Friday of the Month*
IDCW Frequency	Record Date									
Daily IDCW	All days for which NAV is declared by AMC									
Weekly IDCW	Every Friday*									
Monthly IDCW	Last Friday of the Month*									

		<p>Default Option/facility:</p> <p>The investor must clearly specify his/her choice of Option/facility in the application form, in the absence of which, the Default Option/facility would be applicable and the application will be processed accordingly:</p> <p>Default Option: Growth Option (if the investor has not indicated choice between ‘Growth’ or ‘IDCW’ Options).</p> <p>Default facility Under IDCW Option: IDCW Payout</p> <p>Default IDCW Reinvestment Frequency:- Daily</p> <p>All plans/options under the Scheme shall have common portfolio.</p> <p>Plans/ Options under the Segregated portfolio:</p> <p>Plan:- Regular and Direct Options:- Growth and IDCW IDCW Options:- Monthly, Quarterly & Annual</p> <p>Subscription & redemption is not available under the segregated portfolio. The units of segregated portfolio are listed on the NSE.</p> <p>Kindly refer SAI for detailed disclosure on:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Default plans and options; Treatment of purchase/switch/ Systematic Investment Plans (SIPs)/ Systematic Transfer Plans (STPs) transactions received through distributors who are suspended temporarily or terminated permanently by AMFI. Treatment of applications under “Direct” / “Regular” Plans; Other updates
XI.	Loads	<p>Entry Load:- Nil Exit Load:- Nil</p> <p>Exit load is not applicable for segregated portfolio.</p>
XII.	Minimum Application amount / switch in	Initial Purchase/Switch-in – Minimum of Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase amount	Additional Purchase - Minimum of Rs.1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.
XIV.	Minimum Redemption / switch out amount	Redemption / Switch out – Minimum amount of Rs. 1000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter or account balance whichever is lower.
XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	<p>Not Applicable.</p> <p>The Scheme is open on an ongoing basis for subscription/ redemption at NAV based prices.</p>

XVI.	New Fund Offer Price This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO	Not Applicable The Scheme is open on an ongoing basis for subscription/ redemption at NAV based prices.
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	<p>The AMC has a written down policy on Creation of segregated portfolio which is approved by the Trustees. Creation of Segregated Portfolio shall be subject to guidelines specified by SEBI from time to time.</p> <p>Creation of Segregated portfolio is optional and is at the discretion of the AMC.</p> <p>The scheme has 1 segregated portfolio which was created under PGIM India Credit Risk Fund. Main portfolio of PGIM India Credit Risk Fund was merged with PGIM India Low Duration Fund w.e.f. January 22, 2022. Further, Main portfolio of PGIM India Low Duration Fund is now merged with PGIM India Money Market Fund effective September 30, 2023.</p> <p>Redemption and subscription is not allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in segregated portfolio, AMC has enabled listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange and also enable transfer of such units on receipt of transfer requests. Terms of the segregated portfolio are governed by paragraph 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.</p> <p>For details, on writeup of Segregated portfolio kindly refer SAI.</p>
XVIII.	Swing pricing disclosure	<p>The scheme has enabling provision for Swing pricing.</p> <p>Investors may note that in case the Scheme wind up in future and the AMC reverse the decision of such winding up post announcement, the Scheme shall mandatorily invoke the swing pricing upon re-opening subscriptions and redemption.</p> <p>For details, on Swing pricing disclosure kindly refer SAI.</p>
XIX.	Stock lending/short selling	<p>The Scheme will not engage in Stock lending/short selling activity.</p>
XX.	How to Apply and other details	<p>Investor can obtain application form / Key Information Memorandum (KIM) from PGIM India AMC branch offices, Investor services centers and RTA's (KFIN) branch office. Investors can also download application form / Key Information Memorandum (KIM) from our website (https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds).</p> <p>The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Mutual Fund is available on the website of the AMC. i.e. https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds.</p> <p>Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.</p> <p>For further details, please refer Section II.</p>
XXI.	Investor services	<p>Investors may make any service request or complaints or enquiries by calling the AMC's Investor Helpline "1800 209 7446 " (toll-free) or send an e-mail to care@pgimindia.co.in</p>

		<p>The customer service representatives may require personal information of the customer for verification of the customer's identity in order to protect confidentiality of information. The AMC will at all times endeavour to handle transactions efficiently and to resolve any grievances promptly. For any queries / complaints / feedbacks investors may contact:</p> <p>Mr. Ranjit Venugopal, PGIM India Mutual Fund Investor Relations Officer 1 D, First Floor, Century Plaza No. 560/561 - Anna Salai, Teynampet Chennai – 600018. Tel: +91-44-40745800</p>
XXII.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	Not Applicable
XXIII.	Special product/facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	<p>The Special Products / Facilities available during on an ongoing basis are as follows:</p> <p>i. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)</p> <p>SIP is a facility provided to unitholders to invest specified amounts in the Scheme at regular / specified frequency and a specified period by providing a single mandate / standing instruction.</p> <p>ii. Top-up facility under Systematic Investment Plan</p> <p>This facility will enable the investors to increase their contribution in an SIP at pre-determine intervals by a fixed amount during the tenure of SIP (except under Micro-SIP).</p> <p>iii. Systematic Investment Plan ('SIP') Pause Facility</p> <p>This facility is available for investors who wish to temporarily pause their SIP in the schemes of the Mutual Fund.</p> <p>iv. Systematic Transfer Plan (STP)</p> <p>STP is an investment plan enabling Unitholders to transfer specified amounts from one scheme of the Mutual Fund ('Source scheme') to another ('Target scheme') on a recurrent basis for a specified period at specified frequency, by providing a single mandate / standing instruction. On the specified STP transaction dates, Units under the Source scheme will be redeemed at the applicable redemption price, and admissible units will be allotted under the Target scheme as per the investor's STP mandate.</p> <p>v. Top-up facility under Systematic Transfer Plan</p> <p>This facility will enable the investors to increase the transfer amounts between funds at regular intervals.</p>

		<p>vi. Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)</p> <p>SWP is a facility that enables Unitholders to withdraw specified amounts from the Scheme on a recurrent basis for a specified period at specified frequency by providing a single mandate/ standing instruction.</p> <p>vii. Top-up facility under Systematic Withdrawal Plan</p> <p>This facility will enable the investors to increase their withdrawal amounts at predefined intervals.</p> <p>viii. Facility to transact in the Scheme through MF Utility Portal</p> <p>MF Utilities Portal (MFUP) acts as a transaction aggregation portal for transacting in multiple schemes of various mutual funds with a single form and a single payment instrument.</p> <p>Investors/ prospective investors can submit their financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to the Scheme through MFUP either electronically on the online transaction portal of MF Utility India Private Limited (MFUI) (www.mfuonline.com) or physically (in prescribed application form) at any of the authorised Point of Service locations (“MFU POS”) designated by MFUI from time to time.</p> <p>ix. Facility to Purchase/Redeem Units of the Scheme(s) through Stock Exchange(s)</p> <p>Investors can purchase/redeem units of the Scheme on Mutual Fund Services System (MFSS) of the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE) and BSE StAR MF platform (BSE StAR MF) of the BSE Limited (BSE). Switching of units will not be permitted under MFSS. However, unitholders can switch the units of eligible scheme on BSE StAR MF platform. Investors can avail Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) facility for purchasing units of the Scheme on MFSS and BSE StAR MF platform.</p> <p>x. Application / Request Through Fax / Online Transactions</p> <p>Through this facility the investor can invest by following ways :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Transaction by Fax Transaction by E-Fax and E-mail Online Transaction through the Mutual Fund’s website Application via electronic mode (through Channel Partners) <p>xi. Capital Appreciation facility under Systematic Transfer Plan (STP);</p> <p>Capital Appreciation facility under STP enables Unitholders to transfer specified capital appreciation amounts from one scheme of the Mutual Fund (‘Source scheme’) to another (‘Target scheme’) on a recurrent basis for a specified period at specified frequency, by providing a single mandate / standing instruction. On the specified STP transaction dates, Units under the Source scheme will be redeemed at the applicable redemption price, and admissible units will be allotted under the Target scheme as per the investor’s STP mandate.</p> <p>In the above facility, the entire capital appreciation amount will be transferred/withdrawn (subject to a minimum of INR 1,000).</p> <p>xii. Capital Appreciation facility under Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP):</p>
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		<p>Capital Appreciation facility under SWP enables Unitholders to withdraw specified capital appreciation amounts from the Scheme on a recurrent basis for a specified period at specified frequency at the applicable redemption price by providing a single mandate/ standing instruction.</p> <p>In the above facility, the entire capital appreciation amount will be transferred/withdrawn (subject to a minimum of INR 1,000).</p> <p>xiii. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) Auto Renewal Facility:</p> <p>Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) Auto Renewal Facility enables investors who are giving a perpetual One Time Mandate but not investing in SIPs for a perpetual period and opt to invest for a specific period (eg. 5 years, 10 years etc.), can further opt for Auto Renewal facility to remain invested continuously and to maintain investment discipline.</p> <p>For further details of above special products / facilities, kindly refer SAI</p>
XXIV.	Weblink	<p>Weblink for TER for last 6 months, Daily TER and Scheme factsheet:</p> <p>TER (Last 6 months and daily TER): https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Other-Disclosures/Fund/Expenses</p> <p>Scheme Factsheet: https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/forms-and-product-updates/Fund-Factsheet</p>

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time;
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme and also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with;
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the scheme;
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that PGIM India Money Market Fund approved by them is a new product offered by PGIM India Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Date: November 27, 2025

Place: Mumbai

Signature : Sd/-

Name : Sandeep Kamath

Designation : Head - Compliance & Legal

Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

The asset allocation in the Scheme under normal circumstances will be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocations (% of Total Assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Money Market instruments	0%	100%

Money market instruments includes commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

Indicative Table: (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sr. No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
1.	Derivatives	The Scheme may invest in derivatives instruments. The Scheme may use Fixed Income derivatives for such purposes as maybe permitted by the Regulations, including for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, based on the opportunities available and subject to guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time.	Paragraph 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
2.	Securitized Debt	The Scheme does not intend to invest in Securitized Debt	-
3.	Overseas Securities	The Scheme does not intend to invest in overseas/foreign securities	-
4.	Repo/ reverse repo transactions in corporate debt securities	The Scheme may undertake repo transactions in corporate debt securities in accordance with the directions issued by RBI and SEBI from time to time. Such investment shall be made subject to the guidelines which may be prescribed by the Board of Directors of the Asset Management Company and Trustee Company.	Paragraph 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
5.	Other/own mutual funds	The scheme may invest in the units of Mutual Fund Schemes and such investment shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Fund.	Clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
6.	Credit Default Swaps	The scheme does not intend to engage in Credit Default Swaps.	-
7.	Short selling of securities	The scheme does not intend to engage short selling in corporate debt securities.	-

8.	Securities Lending and Borrowing	The scheme does not intend to engage in stock lending in corporate debt securities.	-
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In accordance with Paragraph 4.6 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the scheme shall hold at least 10% of its net assets in liquid assets or liquidity in terms of AMFI Best Practices Circular, whichever is higher. In case the exposure in such liquid assets / securities falls below the threshold mandated above, the AMC shall ensure compliance with the above requirement before making any further investment.

The cumulative gross exposure through money market instruments shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.

Investment in Corporate Debt Market Development Fund

In accordance with the requirement of regulation 43A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/PoD2/P/CIR/2023/129 dated July 27, 2023 on Investment by Mutual Fund Schemes and AMCs in units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund, scheme shall invest 25 bps of its AUM as on December 31, 2022 in the units of the Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (‘CDMDF’) within 10 working days from the request of CDMDF. Further, an incremental contribution to CDMDF shall be made every six months within 10 working days from the end of half year starting from December 2023 to ensure 25 bps of scheme AUM is invested in units of CDMDF. However, if AUM decreases there shall be no return or redemption from CDMDF. Contribution made to CDMDF, including the appreciations on the same, if any, shall be locked-in till winding up of the CDMDF.

However, in case of winding up of contributing Scheme, inter-scheme transfers within the same Mutual Fund or across Mutual Funds may be undertaken.

Further, investments in CDMDF units shall not be considered as violation while considering maturity restriction as applicable for various purposes (including applicable Investment limits) and the calculations of Potential Risk Class (PRC) Matrix, Risk-o-meter, Stress testing and Duration for various purposes shall be done after excluding investments in units of CDMDF.

Portfolio Rebalancing

As per paragraph 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, as may be amended/ clarified from time to time, in the event of passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of the AMC), the fund manager is required to carry out portfolio rebalancing within thirty (30) business days. In case the portfolio is not rebalanced within the period of thirty (30) business days, justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee, if it so desires, can extend the timeline for rebalancing up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. In case the portfolio of the scheme is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines, the AMC shall follow the requirements specified under the aforesaid regulation including reporting the deviation to Trustees at each stage.

Short term defensive consideration:

Due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out in the asset allocation. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term and defensive considerations in line with paragraph 1.14.1.2(b) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds and the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio within 30 calendar days from the date of deviation.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in Money Market Instruments which will include but not limited to:

- **Money Market Instruments:-** Money Market Instruments include commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, TREPS, certificate of deposit and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

Commercial Paper (CP) - CP is an unsecured negotiable money market instrument issued in the form of a promissory note, generally issued by the corporates, primary dealers and all -India Financial Institutions as an alternative source of short term borrowings. CP is traded in secondary market and can be freely bought and sold before maturity.

Certificate of Deposit (CD) - CD is a negotiable money market instrument issued by scheduled commercial banks and select All India Financial Institutions that have been permitted by the RBI to raise short term resources. The maturity period of CDs issued by the Banks is between 7 days to one year, whereas, in case of FIs, maturity is one year to 3 years from the date of issue.

Treasury Bill (T-Bill) - T-Bills are issued by the Government of India to meet their short term borrowing requirements. T - Bills are issued for maturities of 14 days, 91 days, 182 days and 364 days.

Tri-Party Repo (TREPS) - Tri-party repo means a repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction.

Repo - Repo is a money market instrument, which enables collateralised short term borrowing and lending through sale/purchase operations in debt instruments. Repo or Reverse Repo is a transaction in which two parties agree to sell and purchase the same security with an agreement to purchase back or sell back the same security at a mutually decided future date and price. The difference between the sale and repurchase price of the securities is the implicit interest rate for the borrowing/lending.

Investments in Units of Mutual Fund Schemes

The Scheme may invest in other scheme managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual fund, provided it is in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and in terms of prevailing Regulations. As per the Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management fees for such investments.

Pending deployment of the funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the Funds may be parked in short term deposits of the Schedule Commercial Bank, subject to guidelines and limits specified by SEBI.

Investment in unrated debt instruments shall be subject to complying with the provisions of Regulations and within the limit as specified in Schedule VII to the Regulations. Pursuant to paragraph 12.12 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the AMC may constitute committee(s) to approve proposals for investments in unrated debt instruments. The AMC Board and the Trustee shall approve the detailed parameters for such investments. However, in case any unrated debt security does not fall under the parameters, the prior approval of Board of AMC and Trustee shall be sought.

The securities/ instruments mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated in line with the investment objective and asset allocation of the Scheme. The securities may be acquired through initial public offering (IPOs), secondary market, private placement, rights offers, negotiated deals. The Fund Manager reserves the right to invest in such securities as maybe permitted from time to time and which are in line with the investment objectives of the Scheme.

For applicable regulatory investment limits please refer to the section “Investment Restrictions”.

Investment in CDMDF-

In accordance with the requirement of regulation 43A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/PoD2/P/CIR/2023/129 dated July 27, 2023 on Investment by Mutual Fund Schemes and AMCs in units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund, scheme shall invest 25 bps of its AUM.

CDMDF Framework-

CDMDF shall comply with the Guarantee Scheme for Corporate Debt (GSCD) as notified by Ministry of Finance vide notification no. G.S.R. 559E dated July 26, 2023 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/PoD2/P/CIR/2023/128 dated July 27, 2023 and circulars / guidelines/ Letters issued by SEBI and AMFI from time to time, which includes the framework for corporate debt market development fund. The framework will be inclusive of following points-

a. The CDMDF shall deal only in following securities during normal times:

- Low duration Government Securities
- Treasury bills
- Tri-party Repo on G-sec
- Guaranteed corporate bond repo with maturity not exceeding 7 days

b. The fees and expenses of CDMDF shall be as follows:

- During Normal times: (0.15% + tax) of the Portfolio Value charged on daily pro-rata basis.
- During Market stress: (0.20% + tax) of the Portfolio Value charged on daily pro-rata basis.
- “Portfolio Value” means the aggregate amount of portfolio of investments including cash balance without netting off of leverage undertaken by the CDMDF.

c. Corporate debt securities to be bought by CDMDF during market dislocation include listed money market instruments. The long term rating of issuers shall be considered for the money market instruments. However, if there is no long term rating available for the same issuer, then based on credit rating mapping of CRAs between short term and long term ratings, the most conservative long term rating shall be taken for a given short term rating.

d. CDMDF shall follow the Fair Pricing document, while purchase of corporate debt securities during market dislocation as specified in SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/PoD2/P/CIR/2023/128 dated July 27, 2023 and circulars / guidelines/ Letters issued by SEBI and AMFI from time to time.

e. CDMDF shall follow the loss waterfall accounting and guidelines w.r.t. purchase allocation and trade settlement of corporate debt securities bought by CDMDF, specified in SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/PoD2/P/CIR/2023/128 dated July 27, 2023 and circulars / guidelines/ Letters issued by SEBI and AMFI from time to time.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate returns by investing in money market securities with maturity of up to 1 year. These securities include commercial papers issued by corporations, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposits, usance bills, and any other like instruments as specified by SEBI and RBI from time to time.

Investment in Fixed Income Derivative Instruments:

SEBI has vide its paragraph 12.28.1.4 of Master Circular on Mutual Funds, permitted all mutual funds to participate in derivatives trading subject to observance of guidelines issued by SEBI in this behalf.

Pursuant to paragraph 7.5, 7.6 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds and such other circular issued by SEBI from time to time in this regard, the Scheme may use derivative instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements, stock future or other derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing or for its efficient management.

Derivative instruments offer unique advantages like security exposures without the attendant execution and settlement risk. Derivative instruments carry a high risk return ratio. It is like a insurance policy where one has to pay the premium up-front and the benefit is contingent upon an event. Derivative instrument if used on a leveraged basis could distort the risk return ratio considerably even with a small price movement (the scheme will not take a leveraged exposure). It requires a high level of knowledge, understanding and surveillance to control risk.

The Scheme may use derivative instruments primarily to protect the value of portfolio against potential risks such as interest rate risk, credit risks, reinvestment risk and liquidity risks. This protection is also known as hedge. At the same time, however, a properly correlated hedge will result in a gain in the portfolio position being offset by a loss in the hedge position. As a result, the use of derivatives could limit any potential gain from an increase in value of the position hedged. In addition, an exposure to derivatives in excess of the hedging requirement can lead to losses. IRS and FRAs do also have inherent credit and settlement risks. However, these risks are substantially reduced as they are limited to the interest streams and not the notional principal amounts.

Derivative instruments may take form of Interest rate swaps, Forward rate agreements and such other derivative instruments as may be available from time to time and appropriate for the portfolio. The Scheme, however, will use the derivative instruments very judiciously and keep in mind the overall objective the scheme.

For details of risk factors relating to use of Derivatives, the investors are advised to refer to Scheme Specific Risk Factors.

Risk Control

Since investing requires disciplined risk management, the AMC would incorporate adequate safeguards for controlling risks in the portfolio construction process.

The risk control process involves reducing risks through portfolio diversification, taking care however not to dilute returns in the process. The AMC believes that this diversification would help achieve the desired level of consistency in returns. Stock specific risk will be minimized by investing only in those companies that have been analyzed by the Investment Team at the AMC. For investments in debt securities, the AMC aims to identify securities, which offer superior levels of yield at lower levels of risks. With the aim of controlling risks, rigorous and in-depth credit evaluation of the securities proposed to be invested in, will be carried out by the investment team of the AMC. Rated Debt instruments in which the Scheme invests will be of investment grade as rated by a credit rating agency. The AMC will be guided but not limited by the ratings of Rating Agencies such as CRISIL, CARE, ICRA and Fitch or any other rating agencies that may be registered with SEBI from time to time. In case a debt instrument is not rated, investment will be in accordance with Guidelines approved by the Board. Further, all investments in the unrated paper are periodically reviewed by Investment Committee and the Board of AMC & Trustee Company.

The Scheme may also use various derivatives and hedging products from time to time, as would be available and permitted by SEBI, in an attempt to protect the value of the portfolio and enhance Unitholders' interest.

Portfolio Turnover

The Scheme is an open-ended scheme. It is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

Benchmark (Total Returns Index): CRISIL Money Market A-I Index.

As required under paragraph 1.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the benchmark has been selected from amongst those notified by AMFI as the first tier benchmark to be adopted by mutual funds and which are reflective of the category of the scheme.

CRISIL Money Market A-I Index seeks to track the performance of a money market portfolio comprising of T-bills, and CPs, CDs issued by issuers having long term AAA rating. This index is a realistic estimate for the scheme, as the scheme invests in instruments similar to the above mentioned instruments to maximize returns at a particular level of risk. The above benchmark is line with paragraph 1.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change the benchmark for evaluating the performance of the Scheme from time to time, in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and the appropriateness of the benchmark, subject to SEBI guidelines and other prevalent guidelines.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Mr. Puneet Pal and Mr. Bhupesh Kalyani are the fund managers for the scheme.

Name, Designation & Tenure of managing the Scheme	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
<p>Mr. Puneet Pal</p> <p>Head – Fixed Income</p> <p>Tenure: Managing the scheme since July 16, 2022</p>	<p>Age: 49 years</p> <p>Qualification: MBA (Finance) from Symbiosis Institute of Business Management, Pune</p>	<p>More than 25 years of experience in the Debt markets within the Mutual Fund space. Below are details on his past stints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> December 01, 2021 onwards – Head – Fixed Income - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited. December 13, 2017 to November 30, 2021 - Deputy Head - Fixed Income - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited. February 2012 to December 12, 2017 - Head - Fixed Income - BNP Paribas Asset Management India Pvt. Ltd. July 2008 to February 2012 - Sr. Vice President & Fund Manager - UTI Asset Management Company Ltd. August 2006 to July 2008 - Fund Manager - Tata Asset Management Ltd. April 2004 to August 2006 - Asst. Fund Manager - UTI Asset Management Company Ltd. June 2001 to March 2004 - Dealer - UTI Asset Management Company Ltd. 	<p>PGIM India Mid Cap Fund, PGIM India Flexi Cap Fund, PGIM India Aggressive Hybrid Equity Fund, PGIM India Large and Midcap Fund, PGIM India Small Cap Fund, PGIM India Arbitrage Fund, PGIM India Equity Savings Fund, PGIM India Balanced Advantage Fund, PGIM India Retirement Fund, PGIM India Multi Cap Fund and PGIM India Healthcare Fund (Debt Portion).</p> <p>PGIM India Overnight Fund, PGIM India Liquid Fund, PGIM India Ultra Short Duration Fund, PGIM India Corporate Bond Fund, PGIM India Dynamic Bond Fund, PGIM India Gilt Fund and PGIM India CRISIL IBX Gilt Index - Apr 2028 Fund (Jointly with Mr. Bhupesh Kalyani)</p>
<p>Mr. Bhupesh Kalyani</p> <p>Fund Manager – Fixed Income</p> <p>Tenure: Managing the scheme since September 13, 2022</p>	<p>Age: 50 years</p> <p>Qualification: ACA, Grad CWA</p>	<p>Over 20 years of experience in fund management of fixed income securities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> September 13, 2022 onwards - PGIM India Asset Management Pvt Ltd. - Fund Manager – Fixed Income; January 25, 2017 - September 06, 2022 - IDBI Mutual Fund - Debt Fund Manager; 	<p>PGIM India Large Cap Fund and PGIM India ELSS Tax Saver Fund (Debt Portion)</p> <p>PGIM India Ultra Short Duration Fund, PGIM India Liquid Fund, PGIM India Overnight Fund, PGIM India Corporate Bond Fund, PGIM India Dynamic Bond Fund, PGIM India Gilt Fund</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • August 2012 - August 2016 - Star Union Dai-ichi Life Insurance - Debt Fund Manager; • November 2009 - August 2012- Tata Mutual Fund - Dealer – Fixed Income. 	and PGIM India CRISIL IBX Gilt Index - Apr 2028 Fund (Jointly managed with Mr. Puneet Pal)
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F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

Sr. no.	Name of the Scheme	Category of the Scheme	Type of the Scheme
1.	PGIM India Liquid Fund	Liquid Fund	An open ended liquid scheme. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.
2.	PGIM India Ultra Short Duration Fund	Ultra Short Duration Fund	An open ended ultra-short term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 3 months to 6 months. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.
4.	PGIM India Dynamic Bond Fund	Dynamic Bond	An open ended dynamic debt scheme investing across duration. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk scheme.
5.	PGIM India Corporate Bond Fund	Corporate Bond Fund	An open ended debt scheme predominantly investing in AA+ and above rated corporate bonds. A relatively high interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.
6.	PGIM India Gilt Fund	Gilt Fund	An open ended debt scheme investing in government securities across maturities. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk scheme.
7.	PGIM India Overnight Fund	Overnight Fund	An open ended debt scheme investing in overnight securities. A relatively low interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk scheme.

For detailed comparative table of the aforesaid schemes, please refer : <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Other-Disclosures/Others/SID-KIM-SAI-related-Disclosure>.

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

Performance of the Scheme as on September 30, 2025:

Compounded Annualised Returns ^{^^}	Regular Plan Returns [^] (%)	Direct Plan Returns [^] (%)	Benchmark Returns [#] (%)
Returns for the last 7 Days	6.38	6.63	6.26
Returns for the last 15 Days	7.02	7.28	6.45
Returns for the last 1 month	5.76	6.01	5.68
Returns for the last 3 months	1.47	1.53	1.45
Returns for the last 6 months	3.62	3.75	3.35

Returns for the last 1 years	7.40	7.67	7.08
Returns for the last 3 years	7.19	7.53	7.26
Returns for the last 5 years	5.59	6.13	5.95
Returns for the last 10 years	NA	NA	NA
Returns Since inception	5.52	6.10	5.90

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future & should not be used as a basis of comparison with other investments.

^ Returns are calculated on Growth Option NAV.

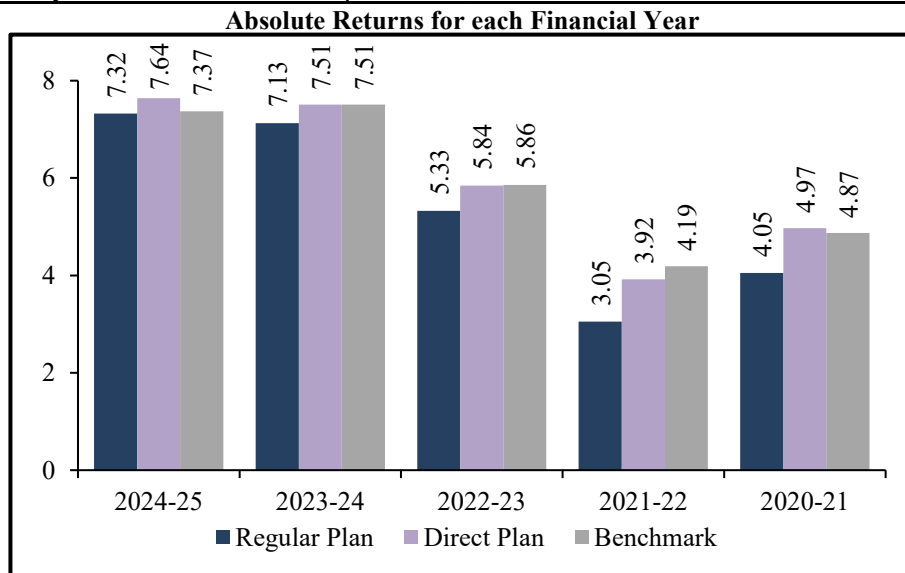
^^ Returns are calculated on Compounded Annualised basis for a period of more than a year and on an absolute basis for a period of less than or equal to a year.

CRISIL Money Market A-I Index.

Inception Date: Regular Plan & Direct Plan: March 06, 2020

Performance of Segregated Portfolio as on March 06, 2020

Due to credit event (Downgrading of various securities of Yes Bank Ltd. to “D” / “Default” by rating agency on March 06, 2020), segregation of portfolio of securities of Yes Bank Ltd. was created under PGIM India Credit Risk Fund and units under segregated portfolio were allotted on March 06, 2020. The creation of Segregated Portfolio, in PGIM India Credit Risk Fund had impacted the NAV of the scheme to the extent of (-4.55%) of NAV. The scheme has 1 segregated portfolio which was created under PGIM India Credit Risk Fund. Main portfolio of PGIM India Credit Risk Fund was merged with PGIM India Low Duration Fund w.e.f. January 22, 2022. Further, Main portfolio of PGIM India Low Duration Fund is now merged with PGIM India Money Market Fund effective September 30, 2023.



Returns are computed from the date of allotment/1st April, as the case may be, to 31st March of the respective financial year.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES:

i. Scheme’s Portfolio (top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors)

Main Portfolio

- **Top 10 holdings:** <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Other-Disclosures/Others/SID-KIM-SAI-related-Disclosure>.
- **Sector allocation :** <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Other-Disclosures/Others/SID-KIM-SAI-related-Disclosure>.

Segregated portfolio

- **Top 10 holdings by issuer and Sector allocation as on September 30, 2025:-** <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Other-Disclosures/Others/SID-KIM-SAI-related-Disclosure>.

ii. Portfolio Disclosure (fortnightly, monthly and half yearly): :

- **Fortnightly:** <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Portfolios/Fortnightly-portfolio>
- **Monthly:** <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Portfolios/Monthly-Portfolio>
- **Half Yearly:** <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Financial-Statements/Scheme-Financials>

iii. Portfolio turnover ratio of the Scheme as on September 30, 2025: Not Applicable.

iv. Aggregate investment in the scheme by Fund Managers as on September 30, 2025:

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in Rs.)
	Concerned Scheme’s Fund Manager(s)	Units	NAV Per Unit	
1.	Mr. Puneet Pal	85.53	1,390.82	1,18,961.31
2.	Mr. Bhupesh Kalyani	103.72	1,390.82	1,44,257.62

v. Investments of AMC in the Scheme:

The AMC may invest in the Scheme, subject to the Regulations and to the extent permitted by its Board from time to time. As per the existing Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management and advisory fee on the investment made by it in the Scheme.

Please refer <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Other-Disclosures/Asset-Management-Company/AMC-Investments-in-Mutual-Fund-Schemes> for Investments of AMC in the Scheme.

Investments of AMC in the units of CDMDF:

Pursuant to regulation 43A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/PoD2/P/CIR/2023/129 dated July 27, 2023 on Investment by Mutual Fund Schemes and AMCs in units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund, AMC shall make a one-time contribution equivalent to 2 bps of the AUM of the specified debt oriented schemes as on December 31, 2022 in the units of the Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (‘CDMDF’) within 10 working days of request from CDMDF. Contribution made to CDMDF, including the appreciations on the same, if any, shall be locked-in till winding up of the CDMDF.

In case of delay in contribution by the Scheme and AMC, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest at fifteen percent (15%) per annum for the period of delay.

Part III - OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

NAV of Units under the Scheme will be calculated by the following method:

NAV (Rs.) =	Market or Fair Value of Scheme’s investments + Current Assets - Current Liabilities and Provisions
	No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme

The NAV shall be calculated up to four decimal places. However the AMC reserves the right to declare the NAVs up to additional decimal places as it deems appropriate. Separate NAV will be calculated and disclosed for each Plan/Option. The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV of the Scheme on all the Business Days.

The valuation of the Scheme’s assets and computation of the Scheme’s NAV shall be subject to audit on an annual basis and such regulations as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

The numerical illustration of the above method is provided below

Market or Fair Value of Scheme’s investment (Rs.) = 1,15,12,05,600.00
 Current Assets (Rs.) = 60,00,000.00
 Current Liabilities (Rs.) = 40,00,000.00
 No of units Outstanding under the scheme = 10,00,00,000

$$\text{NAV Per Unit (Rs.)} = \frac{115,12,05,600 + 60,00,000 - 40,00,000}{10,00,00,000} = 11.5321$$

The aforesaid provision pertaining to “ Calculation of NAV” shall apply in respect of each individual scheme and / or plan as the case may be. The NAV per unit above is rounded off to four decimals

The NAV will be calculated as of the close of every Business Day.

Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase price of the units of mutual fund scheme:

<p>Ongoing price for subscription (purchase)/ switch-in (from other Schemes of the Mutual Fund) by investors.</p> <p>This is the price you need to pay for purchase /switch-in.</p>	<p>At the applicable NAV.</p> <p>Ongoing Price for subscription = Applicable NAV*(1+ Entry Load, (if any)</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>If the Applicable NAV is Rs.10, Entry Load is nil then sales price will be</p> <p>= Rs. 10* (1+0)</p> <p>= Rs. 10</p> <p>For units under Segregated Portfolio:</p> <p>Not applicable as subscriptions and redemptions are not allowed.</p> <p>However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in segregated portfolio, AMC has enabled listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange and also enable transfer of such units on receipt of transfer requests.</p>
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<p>Ongoing price for redemption (sale) /switch outs (to other schemes of the Mutual Fund) by investors.</p> <p>This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs.</p>	<p>At the applicable NAV, subject to prevailing exit load.</p> <p>Redemption Price = Applicable NAV*(1- Exit Load, (if any))</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>If the Applicable NAV is Rs.10, Exit Load is 1% then redemption price will be</p> <p>= Rs. 10* (1-0.01)</p> <p>= Rs. 9.90</p> <p>For units under Segregated Portfolio:</p> <p>Not applicable as subscriptions and redemptions are not allowed.</p> <p>However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in segregated portfolio, AMC has enabled listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange and also enable transfer of such units on receipt of transfer requests.</p>
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The Redemption Price will not be lower than 97% of the NAV or as permitted / prescribed under the SEBI Regulations from time to time.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. Kindly refer SAI.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees marketing and advertising, Registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. All such expenses are borne by the AMC.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include the Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' Fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given below:

Operating & recurring expenses under regulation 52 (6) & 52 (6A):

- a) The total expense ratio that can be charged to the Scheme, excluding issue or redemption expenses, whether initially borne by the mutual fund or by the AMC, but including the investment management and advisory fee shall be as follows:

Assets under management Slab (In Rs. crore)	Total expense ratio
on the first Rs.500 crores of the daily net assets	2.00%
on the next Rs.250 crores of the daily net assets	1.75%
on the next Rs.1,250 crores of the daily net assets	1.50%
on the next Rs.3,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.35%
on the next Rs.5,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.25%
On the next Rs.40,000 crores of the daily net assets	Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs.5,000 crores of daily net assets or part thereof
On balance of the assets	0.80%

- b) In addition to the annual recurring expenses stated in (a) above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme:-

- i. Brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution shall be charged to the schemes as provided under Regulation 52 (6A) (a) upto 0.12 percent and 0.05 per cent for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. Any payment towards brokerage & transaction costs, over and above the said 0.12 per cent and 0.05 per cent for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the Scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
- ii. Additional expenses not exceeding 0.05 per cent of daily net assets of the scheme, towards the investment and advisory fees or various other permissible expenses; (It may be noted that these expenses will not be charged in case the scheme does not charge an exit load)

Within such total recurring expenses charged to the Scheme as above, the investment management and advisory fee (charged as a percentage of daily net assets) would be as decided by the AMC from time to time, provided that the investment management and advisory fee shall not exceed the aggregate of expenses charged under clause (a) and (b) (iii) above.

No Investment & advisory fees shall be charged for units under the segregated portfolio.

In terms of paragraph 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the AMC shall annually set apart at least 0.02% on daily net assets within the maximum limit of recurring expenses as per Regulation 52 for investor education and awareness initiatives.

The maximum annual recurring expenses of the Scheme including the investment management and advisory fee (together with additional management fee wherever applicable) shall not exceed the limit stated in Regulation 52 read with paragraph 10.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, as explained above.

Goods and Services tax (GST):-

- AMC may charge GST on investment and advisory fees of the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of TER as per the Regulation 52(6) and (6A).
- GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees: AMC may charge GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees of the Scheme, if any within the maximum limit of TER as per the Regulation under 52(6) and (6A).
- GST on brokerage & transaction cost: GST on brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade, will be within the limit of expenses as per the Regulation 52(6) and (6A). Further, the Goods and Services tax on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds and the exit load net of Goods and Services tax, if any, shall be credited back to the scheme.

All fees and expenses charged in the Direct Plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under the Regular Plan. The Direct Plan under the Scheme shall have a lower expense ratio as compared to the Regular Plan. Commission/ Distribution expenses will not be charged in case of Direct Plan. The Direct Plan shall also have separate NAV. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor may refer to the website of the Mutual Fund (<https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds>). Further, the disclosure of Total Expense Ratio (TER) on a daily basis shall also be made on the website of AMFI (<https://www.amfiindia.com>). The Mutual Fund would update the expense ratios on the website at least three business days prior to the effective date of the change. Additionally, TER is also available on website <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds>.

The AMC has estimated the following total expenses for the first Rs. 500 Crores of the daily net assets of the Scheme:-

Expense Head	% of daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	

Custodian fees	Upto 2.00%
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and IDCW redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps for cash market trades and 5 bps for derivatives transactions	
Goods and Services tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods and Services tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	

*Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, except those expenses which are specifically prohibited, may be charged with the approval of the Trustee within the overall limits specified in the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs & expenses that an investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. The above expenses (including Investment Management and Advisory Fees) are subject to inter-se change and may increase/decrease as per actual and/or any change in the Regulations. All types of expenses charged to the Scheme shall be in accordance with the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

TER for the Segregated Portfolio

- AMC shall not charge investment and advisory fees on the segregated portfolio. However, TER (excluding the investment and advisory fees) can be charged, on a pro-rata basis only upon recovery of the investments in segregated portfolio.
- The TER so levied shall not exceed the simple average of such expenses (excluding the investment and advisory fees) charged on daily basis on the main portfolio (in % terms) during the period for which the segregated portfolio was in existence.
- The legal charges related to recovery of the investments of the segregated portfolio may be charged to the segregated portfolio in proportion to the amount of recovery. However, the same shall be within the maximum TER limit as applicable to the main portfolio. The legal charges in excess of the TER limits, if any, shall be borne by the AMC.
- The costs related to segregated portfolio shall in no case be charged to the main portfolio.

The entire exit load (net of Goods and services tax), charged, if any, shall be credited to the Scheme.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Amount Invested at the beginning of the year (in Rs.)	10,000.00	10,000.00

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Returns after Brokerage and Transaction Cost but before other expenses and Investment Management and Advisory Fees (in Rs.)	1,000.00	1,000.00
Returns after Brokerage and Transaction Cost but before other expenses and Investment Management and Advisory Fees (%)	10.00%	10.00%
Distribution Expenses (in Rs.)	150.00	0.00
Expenses other than Distribution Expenses (in Rs.)	20.00	20.00
Investment Management and Advisory Fees (in Rs.)	60.00	60.00
Returns after Brokerage and Transaction Cost ,other expenses and Investment Management and Advisory Fees (in Rs.)	770.00	920.00

The present illustration is calculated pursuant to the requirements of paragraph 5.8.2.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds. The purpose of an illustration is to purely explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments. Actual returns on your investment may be more, or less. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the Scheme will be lower to the extent of distribution expenses/commission. The NAVs published by the AMC are net of scheme expenses and they reflects return on investment to investors, provided investment is not subject to exit load. Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to consult his or her own financial advisor.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time.

The load structure of the Scheme is as follows:

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % of NAV)
Entry	Nil
Exit	Nil

Exit load is not applicable for segregated portfolio.

The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the Load structure of the Scheme, subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the Regulations.

Load exemptions:

- AMC shall not charge any load on units allotted on reinvestment of IDCW.
- No Exit Load will be charged on Intra-Scheme switches i.e., switches between Growth and IDCW Options.

Any change in the load structure shall be applicable on prospective investments only. For any change in load structure, the AMC will issue an addendum and display it on its Website (<https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds>) and Investor Service Centers. The addendum will also be circulated to all the distributors / brokers, so that the same can be attached to all SIDs and Key Information Memorandum in stock till the same is updated and reprinted. The AMC would make arrangements to display the addendum to the SID in the form of a notice at all the Investor Service Centers. The introduction/change in the Exit Load would be disclosed be In the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such Load. Any other measures which the Mutual Fund may feel necessary would be undertaken.

The investors are requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing. *For the current applicable exit load structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (<https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds>) or may call at 1800 209 7446 (toll free no.) or your distributor.*

Section II

I. Introduction

A. Definitions/interpretation

For detailed description please click here : <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Other-Disclosures/Others/SID-KIM-SAI-related-Disclosure>

Interpretation

For all purposes of this SID, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:-

- All references to the masculine shall include the feminine and all references to the singular shall include the plural and vice versa.
- All references to “Dollars” or “\$” or USD refer to Dollars of United States of America and “Rs.” or INR refer to Indian Rupees. A “Crore” means “ten million” and a “lakh” means a “hundred thousand”.
- All references to timings relate to Indian Standard Time (IST).
- References to a day are to a calendar day, including a non-Business Day.
- All references to “Master Circular” refer to Master Circular for Mutual Funds issued by SEBI dated June 27, 2024 as amended from time to time.

B. Risk Factors

I. STANDARD RISK FACTORS:

For Standard Risk Factors, kindly refer Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

II. SCHEME SPECIFIC RISK FACTORS

Some of the Scheme specific risk factors include, but not limited, to the following:-

1. Risk associated with investing in Fixed Income Securities

- **Interest Rate Risk:** Market value of fixed income securities is generally inversely related to interest rate movement. Accordingly, value of portfolio of the scheme may fall if the market interest rate rise and may appreciate when the market interest rate comes down.
- **Credit Risk:** - This is risk associated with default on interest and /or principal amounts by issuers of fixed income securities. In case of a default, scheme may not fully receive the due amounts and NAV of the scheme may fall to the extent of default.
- **Spread Risk:** - Credit spreads on corporate bonds may change with varying market conditions. Market value of debt securities in portfolio may depreciate if the credit spreads widen and vice – versa. Similarly, in case of floating rate securities, if the spreads over the benchmark security / index widen, then the value of such securities may depreciate.
- **Liquidity Risk:** - Liquidity condition in market varies from time to time. In an environment of tight liquidity, necessity to sell securities may have higher than usual impact cost. Further, liquidity of any particular security in portfolio may lessen depending on market condition, requiring higher discount at the time of selling.

- **Counterparty Risk:** - This is the risk of failure of counterparty to a transaction to deliver securities against consideration received or to pay consideration against securities delivered, in full or in part or as per the agreed specification. There could be losses to the Scheme in case of a counterparty default.
- **Re-investment Risk:** - Investment in fixed income securities carries re-investment risk. Interest rates prevailing on the coupon payment or maturity date may differ from the purchase yield of the security. This may result in final realized yield to be lower than that expected at the time of purchase.
- The Scheme at times may receive large number of redemption requests, leading to an asset-liability mismatch and therefore, requiring the investment manager to make a distress sale of the securities leading to realignment of the portfolio and consequently resulting in investment in lower yield instruments
- **Risks associated with unrated instruments:** - Investments in unrated instruments are subject to the risk associated with investments in any other fixed income securities, as referred above. However, investments in unrated instruments are considered to be subject to greater risk of loss of principal and interest than rated instruments.

2. Risk factors associated with Trading in Derivatives:

Derivatives are high risk, high return instruments as they may be highly leveraged. A small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their value and may also result in a loss.

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

The Fund may use derivative instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or other derivative.

Credit Risk: The credit risk is the risk that the counter party will default on its obligations and is generally low, as there is no exchange of principal amounts in a derivative transaction.

Illiquidity risk: The risk that a derivative cannot be sold or purchased quickly enough at a fair price, due to lack of liquidity in the market.

Market risk: Derivatives carry the risk of adverse changes in the market price.

Floating Leg Risk : The fund pays the daily compounded rate. In practice however there can be a difference in the actual rate at which money is lent in the call market and the benchmark, which appears and is used.

In case of a received position in a call rate linked interest rate swaps (OIS), the fund pays the daily compounded rate. In practice however there can be a difference in the actual rate at which money is lent in the call market and the benchmark call rate, which is used in the swap calculations. The risk is to the extent that returns may be impacted to the investors in case of extreme movement in call rates.

It may be mentioned here that the guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India from time to time for forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps and other derivative products would be adhered to.

3. Risk envisaged and mitigation measures for repo transactions :

- **Counterparty Risks** - Risks could arise if the Counterparty does not return the security (in a borrowing transaction) as contracted or pay interest (lending transaction) on the due date. This risk is largely mitigated, as the choice of counterparties is ‘restricted’ and their credit ratings and overall credit risk levels are taken into account before entering into such transactions.
- **Settlement Risks** - Operational risks are lower as such trades are settled on a DVP (Delivery versus Payment – Safe settlement) basis. The trades are settled on a bilateral basis in the OTC segment.
- **Collateral / Credit Risk** - In the event of the scheme being unable to pay back the money to the Counterparty as contracted, the counter party may dispose of the assets (as they have sufficient margin) and the net proceeds if any after such disposal may be refunded to the scheme. The value of the collateral will be monitored on a daily basis and shortfalls if any will lead to demand on the counterparty to top up collateral. In ability to comply with top up requests could lead to liquidation of security / collateral and an early / premature termination of the agreement.
- **Risk of Co-mingling** - The Servicers normally deposit all payments received from the Obligors into the Collection Account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a Servicer and depositing the same into the Collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the Loan Agreements may not be segregated from other funds of the Servicer. If the Servicer fails to remit such funds due to Investors, the Investors may be exposed to a potential loss. Due care is normally taken to ensure that the Servicer enjoys highest credit rating on standalone basis to minimize Co-mingling risk.

4. Risks associated with segregated portfolio

- Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.
- Security comprising of segregated portfolio may not realise any value
- Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV

5. Risks associated with investing in Tri-Party Repo through CCIL (TREPS)

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. CCIL maintains prefunded resources in all the clearing segments to cover potential losses arising from the default member. In the event of a clearing member failing to honour his settlement obligations, the default Fund is utilized to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the “Default Waterfall”. As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter’s margins and the defaulter’s contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL’s contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL’s contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

6. Risk associated with Short Selling

- Purchasing a security entails the risk of the security price going down. Short selling of securities (i.e. sale of securities without owning them) entails the risk of the security price going up there by decreasing the profitability of the short position. Short selling is subject to risks related to fluctuations in market price, and settlement/liquidity risks. If required by the Regulations, short selling may entail margin money to be deposited with the clearing house and daily mark to market of the prices and margins. This may impact fund pricing and may induce liquidity risks if the fund is not able to provide adequate margins to the clearing house. Failure to meet margin requirements may result in penalties being imposed by the exchanges and clearing house.

- Engaging in securities lending is subject to risks related to fluctuations in collateral value and settlement/liquidity and counter party risks. The risks in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consist of the failure of another party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Mutual Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity and in turn cannot protect from the falling market price of the said security.

7. Risks associated with Securities Lending and Borrowing (SLB)

Securities Lending is lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed. The risks in security lending consist of the failure of intermediary / counterparty, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the scheme and the intermediary / counterparty. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The scheme may not be able to sell lent out securities, which can lead to temporary illiquidity & loss of opportunity.

8. Risks factors associated with processing of transaction through Stock Exchange Mechanism:

The trading mechanism introduced by the stock exchange(s) is configured to accept and process transactions for mutual fund units in both Physical and Demat Form. The allotment and/or redemption of Units through NSE and/or BSE or any other recognised stock exchange(s), on any Business Day will depend upon the modalities of processing viz. collection of application form, order processing/settlement, etc. upon which the Fund has no control. Moreover, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by respective recognized stock exchange(s).

9. Risk on Right to limit redemption:

Subject to the approval of Board of Directors of the AMC and Trustee Company and immediate intimation to SEBI, a restriction on redemptions may be imposed by the Scheme under certain exceptional circumstances, which the AMC / Trustee believe that may lead to a systemic crisis or event that constrict liquidity of most securities or the efficient functioning of markets. Please refer to the paragraph “Right to Limit Redemptions” for further details.

10. Backstop facility in form of investment in Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (CDMDF):

CDMDF is set up as a scheme of the Trust registered as an Alternative Investment Fund (‘AIF’) in accordance with the SEBI (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012 (‘AIF Regulations’). The objective of the CDMDF is to help to develop the corporate debt market by providing backstop facility to instill confidence amongst the market participants in the corporate debt/bond market during times of market dislocation and to enhance the secondary market liquidity. In times of market dislocation, CDMDF shall purchase and hold eligible corporate debt securities from the participating investors (i.e., specified debt-oriented MF schemes to begin with) and sell as markets recover. The CDMDF will thus act as a key enabler for facilitating liquidity in the corporate debt market and to respond quickly in times of market dislocation. The trigger and period for which the backstop facility will be open shall be as decided by SEBI. Thus this backstop facility will help fund managers of the aforementioned Schemes to better generate liquidity during market dislocation to help the schemes fulfill liquidity obligations under stress situation.

In accordance with the requirement of regulation 43A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/PoD2/P/CIR/2023/129 dated July 27, 2023 on Investment by Mutual Fund Schemes in units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund, the aforementioned schemes shall invest 25 bps of its AUM as on December 31, 2022 in the units of the Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (‘CDMDF’). An incremental contribution to CDMDF shall be made every six months to ensure 25 bps of scheme AUM is invested in units of CDMDF. However, if AUM decreases there shall be no return or redemption from CDMDF.

Contribution made to CDMDF, including the appreciations on the same, if any, shall be locked-in till winding up of the CDMDF.

We would further like to bring to the notice of the investors that investments in CDMDF units shall not be considered as violation while considering maturity restriction as applicable for various purposes (including applicable Investment limits) and the calculations of Potential Risk Class (PRC) Matrix, Risk-o-meter, Stress testing and Duration for various purposes shall be done after excluding investments in units of CDMDF.

Investors are requested to read details disclosure on investment of the schemes in the CDMDF as listed in sub-section “C. How will the Scheme allocate its assets? And sub-section D. Where will the Scheme Invest” in Section “Section II- Information about the scheme.

11. Risks associated with investment in mutual fund units:

Investment in units of Mutual Fund scheme involves investment risks such as, but not limited to, trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal. The value of units of mutual fund scheme may fluctuate based on the price / value / interest rates of the underlying securities in which the mutual fund scheme invests. The value of underlying securities may be affected, inter-alia, by changes in market environment, interest rates, changes in credit rating, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures. The NAV is also exposed to price/interest rate risk and credit risk and may be affected inter-alia, by the counterparty’s ability or willingness to meet its contractual obligations, government policy, volatility and liquidity in the money markets and pressure on the exchange rate of the rupee. Investment in units of mutual fund scheme is also exposed to risk of suspension of subscriptions / redemptions of the units, change in fundamental attributes etc. Since the Scheme may invest in schemes of Mutual Funds, scheme specific risk factors of each such mutual fund scheme will be applicable to the Scheme portfolio.

C. RISK MITIGATION STRATEGIES:

The Fund by utilizing a holistic risk management strategy will endeavor to manage risks associated with investing in debt markets. The risk control process involves identifying & measuring the risk through various risk measurement tools.

The Fund has identified following risks of investing in debt and designed risk management strategies, which are embedded in the investment process to manage such risks.

Nature of Risk	Risk Mitigation Measures by AMC
For making investments in Fixed Income and Money Market Instruments	
Credit Risk: Debt securities are subject to the risk of an issuer’s inability to meet principal and interest payments on the obligations.	The fund has a strong credit research process. The credit team analyses and approves each issuer before investment by the scheme. There is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to each issuer. This ensures a diversified portfolio and reduced credit risk in the portfolio.
Liquidity Risk: The corporate debt market is relatively illiquid vis-à-vis the government securities market. Even though the government securities market is more liquid compared to that of other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.	The schemes are envisaged to be actively managed portfolios. The liquidity and volatility of a security are important criteria in security selection process. This ensures that liquidity risk is minimized.
Investing in unrated securities: Lower rated or unrated securities are more likely to react to developments affecting the market and the credit risk than the highly rated securities which react primarily to movements in the	The schemes have a strong credit research process and as such all investments, rated or unrated, are analyzed and approved by the credit team before investment by the scheme. Further there is a

<p>general level of interest rates. Lower rated securities also tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than higher rated securities.</p>	<p>regulatory and internal cap on exposure to unrated issuers, limiting exposure to unrated securities.</p>
<p>Investing in unlisted securities: The Schemes may invest in securities which are not quoted on a stock exchange (“unlisted securities”) which in general are subject to greater price fluctuations, less liquidity and greater risk than those which are traded in the open market. Unlisted securities may lack a liquid secondary market and there can be no assurance that the Schemes will realise its investments in unlisted securities at a fair value.</p>	<p>The scheme will predominantly invest in listed securities and in some instances, invest in securities which are expected to be listed. Further, listing of debt securities typically has no significant impact on the liquidity, trading volatility and price discovery.</p>
<p>Settlement Risk: Delays or other problems in settlement of transactions could result in temporary periods when the assets of the Scheme are not invested and no return is earned thereon.</p>	<p>The AMC has well laid out processes and systems, which mitigate operational risks attached with the settlement process.</p>
<p>Reinvestment Risk: This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Plans are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the “interest on interest” component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.</p>	<p>Reinvestment risk is an inherent feature of the portfolio management process. It may be managed, to a certain extent, by seeking to invest in securities with relatively low intermittent cash flows.</p>

Risk Management and Liquidity Management tools:

Liquidity Risk Management of Open ended Debt Schemes is managed using various tools which can be identified as Stress Testing, Liquidity Risk considering Investor behaviour and Asset Liability Mismatch Stress tests (using methods provided by AMFI) monitor the Annualised impact on NAV while considering rise in yields for a given credit rating, type of security, etc, in respective matrices for the relevant duration bucket whereas the investor behaviour and redemption trends are monitored in accordance with the percentage of liquid assets in a portfolio while monitoring the Asset Liability mismatch.

An indicative list of liquidity management tools is as under:

Liquidity Management Tool	Brief Description
Potential Risk Matrix	As provided in paragraph 17.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds , on Potential Risk Class Matrix (PRC) for debt schemes and various other circulars issued thereon, the scheme shall maintain its portfolio in line with the defined PRC position i.e maximum risk that a scheme will run as per design and a measurement of that risk on a regular basis in case of any breaches, remedial actions shall be in line with the requirement of the aforesaid circular.
Risk -o- meter	As provided in paragraph 17.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, on Product Labelling in mutual Fund schemes, Risk-o-meter and various other circulars issue thereon, the scheme shall calculate and disclose the current risk level based on its portfolio construct.
Liquidity Risk Management (LRM)	As provided in AMFI Best Practice Guidelines

	<p>circular dated July 24, 2021 on Prudential norms for Liquidity Risk Management for Open ended Debt schemes (except Overnight Fund, Gilt Fund and Gilt Fund with 10-year constant duration) and various other circulars issued thereon, defines liquidity risk (Liquidity Ratio-Redemption at Risk (LRaR) and Liquidity Ratio- Conditional Redemption at Risk (LRCRaR) arising from the liability side of the scheme and shall maintain these on each day of eligible assets by the scheme. However, to meet redemptions, the scheme may have to periodically dip into their liquid assets which may result in the liquidity ratio dropping below the required levels on those days. The scheme shall ensure to take remedial actions in line with the requirements of the aforementioned circular.</p> <p>Also, back testing analysis is performed which involves capturing actual outflow for each scheme and comparing the same with minimum LraR and LCRaR required to be maintained by the scheme.</p>
Stress Testing Circular	Stress Testing of Interest Rate, Credit and Liquidity Risk at an aggregate portfolio level in terms of its impact on NAV is performed in line with AMFI Best practice circular dated October 12, 2022 and various other circular issued thereon.
Risk Management Framework	As provided in Risk Management Framework circular, the schemes calculates ALM requirement which addresses potential liquidity requirement over a 90-day period and maintains relevant asset side liquidity. Remedial actions, if any required to be taken are based on directions of the Investment Committee.
Swing Pricing Circular	In case of severe liquidity stress at an AMC level or a severe dysfunction at market level, the Swing Pricing guidelines get triggered which offers the contingency plan in case all else fails.

II. Information about the scheme:

A. Where will the scheme invest –

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in Money Market Instruments which will include but not limited to:

Money Market Instruments:- Money Market Instruments include commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, TREPS, certificate of deposit and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

Commercial Paper (CP) – CP is an unsecured negotiable money market instrument issued in the form of a promissory note, generally issued by the corporates, primary dealers and all -India Financial Institutions as an alternative source of short term borrowings. CP is traded in secondary market and can be freely bought and sold before maturity.

Certificate of Deposit (CD) – CD is a negotiable money market instrument issued by scheduled commercial banks and select All India Financial Institutions that have been permitted by the RBI to raise short term resources. The maturity period of CDs issued by the Banks is between 7 days to one year, whereas, in case of Fis, maturity is one year to 3 years from the date of issue.

Treasury Bill (T-Bill) – T-Bills are issued by the Government of India to meet their short term borrowing requirements. T – Bills are issued for maturities of 14 days, 91 days, 182 days and 364 days.

Tri-Party Repo (TREPS) – Tri-party repo means a repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction.

Repo – Repo is a money market instrument, which enables collateralised short term borrowing and lending through sale/purchase operations in debt instruments. Repo or Reverse Repo is a transaction in which two parties agree to sell and purchase the same security with an agreement to purchase back or sell back the same security at a mutually decided future date and price. The difference between the sale and repurchase price of the securities is the implicit interest rate for the borrowing/lending.

Investments in Units of Mutual Fund Schemes

The Scheme may invest in other scheme managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual fund, provided it is in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and in terms of prevailing Regulations. As per the Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management fees for such investments.

Pending deployment of the funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the Funds may be parked in short term deposits of the Schedule Commercial Bank, subject to guidelines and limits specified by SEBI.

Investment in unrated debt instruments shall be subject to complying with the provisions of Regulations and within the limit as specified in Schedule VII to the Regulations. Pursuant to paragraph 12.12 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the AMC may constitute committee(s) to approve proposals for investments in unrated debt instruments. The AMC Board and the Trustee shall approve the detailed parameters for such investments. However, in case any unrated debt security does not fall under the parameters, the prior approval of Board of AMC and Trustee shall be sought.

The securities/ instruments mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated in line with the investment objective and asset allocation of the Scheme. The securities may be acquired through initial public offering (IPOs), secondary market, private placement, rights offers, negotiated deals. The Fund Manager reserves the right to invest in such securities as maybe permitted from time to time and which are in line with the investment objectives of the Scheme.

For applicable regulatory investment limits please refer to the section “Investment Restrictions”.

Position of Debt Market in India

The Indian debt market, one of the largest in Asia, is developing rapidly buoyed by a multitude of factors including new instruments, increased liquidity, deregulation of interest rates and improved settlement systems. The major players in the Indian debt markets today are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, pension funds, provident funds and mutual funds. The instruments in the market can be broadly categorized as those issued by corporates, banks, financial institutions and those issued by state/central governments. The risks associated with any investments are - credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. While corporate papers carry credit risk due to changing business conditions, government securities carry zero credit risk. Interest rate risk is present in all debt securities and depends on a variety of macroeconomic factors. The largest segment of the Indian Debt market consists of the Government of India securities where the daily average trading volume is in excess of around Rs. 50,000 crores, with instrument tenors ranging from short dated Treasury Bills to long dated securities extending upto 50 years. The Corporate bond market, though relatively less liquid, is also fast developing with an increased participation from the banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, provident funds, insurance companies and corporate treasuries. Public Financial Institutions, Public Sector Undertakings and Private AAA Corporates are the major issuers. Corporate bonds majorly are issued as fixed rate bonds. The yield curve usually tends to be positive sloping i.e. yield of shorter dated securities being lower than that of longer dated ones.

The money markets in India essentially consist of call money market (i.e. market for overnight and term money between banks and institutions), repo transactions (temporary sale with an agreement to buy back the securities at a future date at specified price), Tri-Party Repo, commercial papers (CPs, short term unsecured promissory note, generally issued by corporates), certificate of deposits (CDs, issued by banks) and Treasury Bills (issued by RBI). A predominantly institutional market, the key money market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporates.

The various instruments currently available for investments are:

Issuer	Instrument	Maturity	Yields (%) as on November 13, 2025	Liquidity
GOI	Treasury Bill	91 days	5.39	High
GOI	Treasury Bill	364 days	5.53	High
GOI	Short Dated	1-3 Years	5.60 - 5.85	High
GOI	Medium Dated	3-5 Years	5.85 - 6.25	High
GOI	Long Dated	5-10 Years	6.25 - 6.60	High
Corporate	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	1-3 Years	6.55 - 6.70	Medium
Corporate	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	3-5 Years	6.70 - 6.85	Low to medium
Corporate	CPs (A1+)	3 months	6.05-6.10	Medium to High
Corporate	CPs (A1+)	1 Year	6.45-6.50	Medium

Source: CCIL/Market reports

The actual yields will, however, vary in line with general levels of interest rates and debt/money market conditions prevailing from time to time.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the Seventh Schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its net assets in debt instruments comprising money market & non money market instruments issued by a single issuer, which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Trustees and the Board of the AMC. Such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills & Tri-party Repo. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgage backed securitised debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI. Provided further that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in case of debt exchange traded funds or such other funds as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than:

- a) 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
- b) 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
- c) 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in Clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.

Such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills & Tri-Party Repos on Government Securities or TREPS. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgage backed Securitised debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating

agency registered with SEBI. Provided further that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in case of debt exchange traded funds or such other funds as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

- The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments and derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps, Interest Rate Futures, etc. which are used by mutual fund for hedging: Provided that the Scheme may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by SEBI from time to time:

Provided further that the Schemes shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by SEBI:

Provided further that the norms for investments by the scheme in unrated debt instruments shall be specified by SEBI from time to time.

Note:

- a) SEBI vide paragraph 12.1 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds has issued following guidelines wrt investment in unlisted debt & money market instruments.
- b) Mutual fund scheme may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures (NCDs) that have a simple structure (i.e with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.
- c) All fresh investments by the Scheme in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed with effect from one month from the date of operationalization of framework for listing of CPs or January 01, 2020, whichever is later.
- d) investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall be subject to the following
 - I. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.
 - II. Exposure of the Scheme in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.
 - III. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and Trustees.
- e) Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:

The investment of the Scheme in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the schemes and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:

 - I. Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
 - II. Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.
 - III. For the purpose of this provision, 'Group' shall have the same meaning as defined in paragraph 12.9.3.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
 - IV. Investment limits as mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.

Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.

- The Scheme may invest in another scheme of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund. The aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the

Fund. No investment management fees shall be charged by the Scheme for investing in other schemes of the Mutual Fund or in the schemes of any other mutual fund.

- The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - a. Any unlisted Security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - b. Any Security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - c. the listed Securities of group companies of the Sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the Mutual Fund is permitted provided –
 - a. Such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on Spot Basis (Spot Basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a stock exchange for spot transactions); and
 - b. The Securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme to which such transfer has been made.
 - c. The same are in line with paragraph 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
- Schemes shall not have total exposure exceeding 20% of its net assets in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank Certificate of Deposits Short Term Deposits with scheduled commercial banks, Tri-party Repo, Government of India Securities, Treasury Bills and AAA rated Securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks). Provided that an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of the net assets of the Scheme shall be allowed by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) only. Further that such additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank. Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio. However the overall exposure in HFCs shall not exceed the sector exposure limit of 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- Total exposure of the Schemes in a group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees. Further The investments by the scheme in debt and money market instruments of group companies of both the sponsor and the asset management company shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 15% of the net assets of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees. For this purpose, a group means a group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.
- The Mutual Fund shall get the Securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases take delivery of the relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities. The Mutual Fund may however engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI. Further that the Mutual Fund shall enter into derivatives transactions in a recognised stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI. The sale of government securities already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI In this regard.
- The Scheme shall not invest in a Fund of Funds scheme.
- Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in terms of the investment objectives of the Scheme, the AMC may invest the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in accordance with the guidelines set out by SEBI under the Regulations. The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:-
 - a. "Short Term" for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.

- b. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- c. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with the approval of the Trustee.
- d. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and Sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- e. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- f. The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank which has invested in the said Scheme. Further, it shall also be ensured that the bank in which the Scheme has short term deposits does not invest in the Scheme until the Scheme has short term deposits with such bank.
- g. AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

- **Investment Restrictions pertaining to Debt Derivatives:**

Mutual Funds may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counterparty in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if the Mutual Fund is transacting in interest rate swaps through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.

The investment restrictions applicable to the Schemes' participation in the derivatives market will be as prescribed by SEBI or by the Trustees (subject to SEBI requirements) from time to time. As per paragraph 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the aggregate asset allocation including exposure to derivatives will not exceed 100% of the net assets; and that same security wise hedge positions would be excluded from the same.

- Save as otherwise expressly provided under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, the Scheme shall not advance any loans.
- The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of Units or payment of interest and/or IDCW to the Unit holders. Provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 month. The Fund may raise such borrowings, secured or unsecured, from any person or entity as it may deem fit, including Sponsor or Shareholders of any of their associate / group / affiliate entities or banks, after approval by the Trustee, at market related rates.
- If the Mutual Fund holds an aggregate of securities which are worth Rs.10 Crores or more, as on the latest balance sheet date, it shall, subject to such instructions as may be issued from time to time by the Board of the AMC, settle its transactions only through dematerialized Securities. Further all transactions in government securities shall be in dematerialised form.

Participation of Schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund in Repos in Corporate debt securities:

In accordance with paragraph 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, schemes of the Mutual Fund shall participate in the Corporate debt securities as per guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time. Currently the applicable guidelines are as under:

- a. Gross exposure of the scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10 % of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- b. The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.

- c. Mutual Funds shall participate in repo transactions only in 'AA and above' rated corporate debt securities.
- d. In terms of Regulation 44 (2) mutual funds shall borrow through repo transactions only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months

The investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the repo in Corporate debt securities will also be as prescribed or varied by SEBI or by the Board of PGIM India Trustees Pvt. Ltd. (subject to SEBI requirements) from time to time.

The following guidelines shall be followed by PGIM India Mutual Fund for participating in repo in Corporate debt securities, which have been approved by the Board of AMC and Trustee Company:

a) Category of Counterparty to be considered for making investment:

All entities eligible for transacting in repo in Corporate debt securities as defined by SEBI and RBI shall be considered for repo transactions.

b) Credit rating of Counterparty to be considered for making investment:

The scheme shall participate in repo in Corporate debt securities transactions with counterparties having a minimum investment grade rating and approved by the Investment Committee on a case-to-case basis. In case a Counterparty is unrated, the Investment Committee will decide/ assign a rating to the Counterparty and report the same to the Board.

c) Tenor of Repo and Collateral:

As a repo seller (borrowing), the scheme will borrow cash for a period not exceeding 6 months or as per extant regulations. As a repo buyer, the Scheme are allowed to undertake the transactions (lending) for maximum maturity upto one year or such other terms as may be approved by the Investment Committee. There shall be no restriction / limitation on the tenor of the underlying collateral that is being accepted.

d) Applicable haircuts:

As per RBI circular RBI/2012-13/365 IDMD.PCD. 09 /14.03.02/2012-13 dated 07/01/2013, all Corporate Bond repo transaction will be subject to a minimum haircut given as given below:

- a. AAA : 7.50%
- b. AA+ : 8.50%
- c. AA : 10.00%

The haircut will be applicable on the prevailing market value of the said security on the prevailing date of trade. However, the fund manager may ask for a higher haircut (while lending) or give a higher haircut (while borrowing) depending on the prevailing market and liquidity situation.

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment. The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Paragraph 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds:

i. Type of scheme:

An open ended debt scheme investing in money market instruments. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.

The scheme has 1 segregated portfolio which was created under PGIM India Credit Risk Fund. Main portfolio of PGIM India Credit Risk Fund was merged with PGIM India Low Duration Fund w.e.f.

January 22, 2022. Further, Main portfolio of PGIM India Low Duration Fund is now merged with PGIM India Money Market Fund effective September 30, 2023

ii. **Investment Objective:**

- Main Objective

The Scheme seeks to deliver reasonable market related returns through investments in Money Market instruments.

However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. The Scheme does not guarantee/indicate any returns.

- Investment pattern: Please refer to section ‘Asset Allocation’ under Section I Part II. C

iii. **Terms of Issue:**

- Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption. **Refer Section I, Part I – highlights / summary of the Scheme**
- Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the Scheme. **Refer Section I, Part III, Point no. C- Annual Scheme recurring Expenses**
- The Scheme does not provide any safety net or guarantee.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations and Paragraph 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the Trustee will ensure that no change in the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the Trust or fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s) /Option(s) there under and affect the interest of the Unit holders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal;
- written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit holder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- the Unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing NAV without any exit load.

D. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

Listing and transfer of units	<p>The Scheme is an open ended debt scheme investing in Investment in overnight securities having maturity of 1 day under which sale and repurchase will be made on a continuous basis and therefore listing on stock exchanges is not envisaged. However, the Trustee/AMC reserves the right to list the Units.</p> <p>Units held in Demat form are transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations through off market deals or in accordance with the stock exchange rules, upon the Scheme being listed. Transfers should be only in favour of transferees who are eligible for holding Units under the Scheme.</p> <p>Units of the scheme are freely transferable in demat and non demat mode.</p> <p>If a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law, or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transmission of Units consequent on the death of a unitholder, the transferee’s name will be recorded by the AMC / Registrar subject to production of satisfactory evidence and completing the requisite procedure / documentation (as explained in SAI).</p>
Dematerialization of units	<p>The investors shall have an option to hold the Units in demat mode. However, for SIP transactions, while the units in will be allotted based on the applicable NAV</p>

	<p>as per the SID, the same will be credited to unitholder’s Demat account on a weekly basis, upon realization of funds/ credit confirmation. For example, for fund realization/ credit confirmation received from the bankers from Monday to Friday of a week, the Units will be credited to unitholder’s Demat account with the DP in the following week on Monday.</p> <p>To hold the Units in demat mode, the investor will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form, DP’s Name, DP ID and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of subscribing to the Units. The AMC will credit the Units to the Beneficiary Account of Unit holder within five working days from the date of clearance of the investor’s cheque.</p> <p>If a Unit holder desires to opt for dematerialization of units held under physical account statement at a later date, he will be required to make an application to AMC/ RTA/DP in Conversion Request Form (available on the website of the Mutual Fund or with the DPs) along with Statement of Account, a copy of Client Master Report (CMR) or Transaction Statement (only the page of Transaction Statement reflecting the name and pattern of holding) issued by its Depository Participant. Application for issue of Units in demat mode may be submitted to any of the OPAs / ISCs or DPs. The AMC will credit the Units to the Beneficiary Account of Unit holder within two working days from receipt of demat request.</p> <p>In case the unit holders do not provide their Demat Account details, or the demat details provided in the application form are incomplete / incorrect or do not match with the details with the Depository records, the Units will be allotted in physical account statement mode provided the application is otherwise complete in all respect and accordingly, an Account Statement shall be sent to them.</p>
<p>Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)</p>	<p>Not Applicable. The Scheme is open on an ongoing basis for subscription/ redemption at NAV based prices.</p>
<p>Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)</p>	<p>Not Applicable</p>
<p>Dividend Policy (IDCW)</p>	<p>Under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option, the Trustee will have the discretion to declare the IDCW, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations. Further investors are requested to note that the amounts can be distributed out of investors capital (Equalization Reserve) which is part of a sale price that represents realized gains. The actual declaration of IDCW and frequency will inter-alia, depend on availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations and the decisions of the Trustee shall be final in this regard. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of IDCW nor that the IDCW will be paid regularly.</p> <p>IDCW Distribution Procedure</p>

	<p>In accordance with Chapter 11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund the procedure for IDCW distribution would be as under:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Quantum of IDCW and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. 2. Within one calendar day of decision by the Trustee, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the IDCW including the record date, in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. 3. Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unit holders for receiving IDCW. The Record Date will be 2 business days from the date of issue of notice. 4. The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date.
<p>Allotment (Detailed procedure)</p>	<p>All applicants will receive full and firm allotment of Units, provided the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. The AMC retain the sole and absolute discretion to reject any application. Allotment to NRIs/FPIs will be subject to RBI approval, if any, required.</p> <p>An applicant in a scheme whose application has been accepted shall have the option either to receive the statement of accounts or to hold the units in dematerialised form and the asset management company shall issue to such applicant, a statement of accounts specifying the number of units allotted to the applicant or issue units in the dematerialized form as soon as possible but not later than five working days from the date of closure of the initial subscription list or from the date of receipt of the application.</p> <p>In case of Unit holder who have provided their e-mail address the Fund will provide the Account Statement only through e-mail message, subject to Regulations and unless otherwise required. In cases where the email does not reach the Unit holder, the Fund / its Registrar & Transfer Agents will not be responsible, but the Unit holder can request for fresh statement. The Unit holder shall from time to time intimate the Fund / its Registrar & Transfer Agent about any changes in his e-mail address.</p> <p>All Units will rank <i>pari passu</i>, among Units within the same Option in the Scheme concerned as to assets, earnings and the receipt of IDCW distributions, if any, as may be declared by the Trustee.</p> <p>In case the Unit Holder desires to hold Units in dematerialized/rematerialized form at a later date, the request for conversion of Units held in non-dematerialized form into dematerialized form or vice-versa should be submitted along with a dematerialized/rematerialized request form to their Depository Participants.</p>
<p>Refund</p>	<p>If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 working days of rejection of application. If refunded later than 5 working days @ 15% p.a. for delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC.</p>
<p>Who can invest <i>(This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether</i></p>	<p>The following persons are eligible to invest in the Units of the Scheme (subject, wherever relevant, to the Purchase of Units of the Scheme of the Mutual Fund being permitted and duly authorized under their respective by-laws /constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorisations and relevant statutory provisions etc):-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Resident Indian adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an Anyone or Survivor basis;

<p><i>the scheme is suitable to their risk profile).</i></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta; 3. Resident Indian Minors or Non-Resident Indian Minors through their parent/legal guardian; 4. Partnership Firms; 5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor; 6. Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs.), Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860; 7. Banks (as permitted by RBI) and Financial Institutions; 8. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as “Public Securities” as required) and Private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds; 9. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs)/ Persons of Indian origin (PIOs) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on non - repatriation basis; 10. Foreign Portfolio Investors, subject to provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014; 11. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions; 12. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations; 13. Multilateral Funding Agencies/ Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India/ RBI 14. Provident/ Pension/ Gratuity Fund to the extent they are permitted; 15. Other schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI Regulations; <p>The AMC reserve the right to include/exclude new/existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to applicable Laws, if any. Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorized to invest in mutual fund units as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.</p> <p>Subject to the Regulations and applicable law, an application for Units from an applicant may be accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the AMC/Trustee.</p>
<p>Who cannot invest</p>	<p>The following persons cannot invest in the Scheme:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. United States Person (U.S. person) as defined under the extant laws of the United States of America; 2. Residents of Canada

	<p>3. Any individual who is a foreign national or any entity that is not an Indian Resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, except where registered with SEBI as a FPIF;</p> <p>4. Non-Resident Indians residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs);</p> <p>5. Overseas Corporate Bodies;</p> <p>The AMC reserve the right to include/exclude new/existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to applicable Laws, if any. Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorized to invest in mutual fund units as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.</p> <p>Subject to the Regulations and applicable law, an application for Units from an applicant may be accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the AMC/Trustee.</p>
<p>How to Apply and other details</p>	<p>The Application form shall be made available availability of application form from either the Investor Service Centers (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance(OPAs) of AMC or may be downloaded from the website of AMC (https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds)</p> <p>Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.</p> <p>Please refer the AMC website (https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds) for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.</p> <p>All transaction requests can be submitted at any of the Official Points of Acceptance, the addresses of which are given at the end of this SID. <i>(Please refer to the back cover page of this SID for details)</i></p> <p>The AMC may designate additional centres of the Registrar as the Official Points of Acceptance during the Ongoing Offer Period and change such centres, if necessary.</p> <p>As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.</p>
<p>The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.</p>	<p>Units once redeemed will be extinguished and will not be reissued.</p>
<p>Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.</p>	<p><u>Pledge of Units:-</u></p> <p>The Units under the Scheme may be offered as security by way of a pledge / charge in favor of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFC's), or any other body. The AMC/RTA will note and record such Pledged</p>

Units. A standard form for this purpose is available on request at all ISCs. The AMC shall mark a lien on the specified units only upon receiving the duly completed form and documents as it may require. Disbursement of such loans will be at the entire discretion of the bank / financial institution / NBFC or any other body concerned and the Mutual Fund assumes no responsibility thereof.

The Pledgor will not be able to redeem/switch Units that are pledged until the entity to which the Units are pledged provides a written authorisation to the Mutual Fund that the pledge / lien/ charge may be removed. As long as Units are pledged, the Pledgee will have complete authority to redeem such Units. IDCW declared on Units under lien will be paid / re-invested to the credit of the Unit Holder and not the lien holder unless specified otherwise in the lien letter.

For units of the Scheme held in electronic (Demat) form, the rules of Depository applicable for pledge will be applicable for Pledge/Assignment of units of the Scheme. Pledgor and Pledgee must have a beneficial account with the Depository. These accounts can be with the same DP or with different DPs.

Lien on Units:-

On an ongoing basis, when existing and new investors make Subscriptions, pending clearance of the payment instrument, a temporary hold (lien) will be created on the Units allotted and such Units shall not be available for redemption/switch out until the payment proceeds are realised by the Fund. In case a Unit holder redeems Units immediately after making subscription for purchase of units, the redemption request for such investor shall be rejected. In case the cheque/draft is dishonored during clearing process by the bank, the transaction will be reversed and the Units allotted there against shall be cancelled under intimation to the applicant. In respect of NRIs, the AMC/ RTA shall mark a temporary hold (lien) on the Units, in case the requisite documents (such as FIRC/Account debit letter) have not been submitted along with the application form and before the submission of the redemption request. The AMC reserves the right to change the operational guidelines for temporary lien on Units from time to time.

Suspension of sale of units

With the approval of the Boards of Directors of the Trustee and the Asset Management Company, the sale of Units may be suspended temporarily or indefinitely when any of the following conditions exist:

1. The equity / debt market stops functioning or trading is restricted.
2. Periods of extreme volatility in the equity / debt market, which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, is prejudicial to the interest of the investors.
3. When there is a strike by the banking community or trading is restricted by RBI or other authority.
4. Period of extreme volatility in the equity / debt / money market, which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the scheme's investors.
5. As and when directed by the Government of India or RBI or SEBI to do so or conditions relating to natural calamity/external aggression/internal disturbances etc. arises, so as to cause volatile movements in the money or debt market, which in the opinion of the AMC, will be prejudicial to the interest of the unitholders, if further trading in the scheme is continued.
6. Break down in the information processing/communication systems affecting the valuation of investments/processing of sale/repurchase request.
7. Natural calamity.
8. SEBI, by order, so directs.
9. Trustee views that increasing the Scheme's size further may prove detrimental to the existing/prospective Unitholders of the Scheme.

	<p>10. Any other circumstances which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the existing/prospective investors.</p> <p><u>Right to Limit Redemption:-</u></p> <p>The AMC may, under the below mentioned circumstances, impose restriction on redemption (including switch-outs) for a period not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. Such restriction may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:</p> <p><u>Liquidity issues</u> - When market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any <u>issuer</u> specific security;</p> <p><u>Market failures, exchange closures</u> - When markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies;</p> <p><u>Operational issues</u> - When exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out).</p> <p>However, such restriction would not be applicable to the redemption (including switch-outs) requests received for up to INR 2 Lakhs. In case of redemption (including switch-outs) requests above INR 2 Lakhs, the AMC shall redeem the first INR 2 Lakhs without such restriction and remaining part over and above INR 2 Lakhs shall be subject to such restriction.</p> <p>Any imposition of restriction on redemption (including switch-outs) of units of the Scheme shall be made applicable only after specific approval of Board of AMC and Trustee and the same shall also be informed to SEBI immediately.</p>
<p>Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches</p> <p>This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.</p>	<p>SUBSCRIPTION/PURCHASE INCLUDING SWITCH-INS:-</p> <p>a) In respect of valid application received before 3.00 p.m. on a business day and funds for the entire amount of subscription/ purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme and are available for utilization before the cut-off time, the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable;</p> <p>b) In respect of valid application received after 3.00 p.m. on a business day and funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme and are available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next business day, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable;</p> <p>c) However, irrespective of the time of receipt of valid application on a given Business day, where the funds are not available for utilisation before the cut off time on the day of the application, the closing NAV of the Business Day on which the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time (3:00 p.m.) shall be applicable.</p> <p>For determining the availability of funds for utilisation, the funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch-in) as per the application should be credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time and the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the scheme.</p>

	<p>Subscription/ Purchase/ Switch-in for Segregated Portfolio Fund is not allowed.</p> <p>REDEMPTIONS INCLUDING SWITCH-OUTS:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) In respect of valid applications received upto 3 p.m. on a business day by the Mutual Fund, closing NAV of the day of receipt of application, shall be applicable. 2) In respect of valid applications received after 3 p.m. on a business day by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable. <p>Switch Transactions Valid Switch application will be considered for processing on the earliest day which is a Business Day for both the ‘Switch out’ scheme and the ‘Switch in’ scheme. Application for ‘Switch in’ shall be treated as purchase application and the Applicable NAV based on the cut off time for purchase shall be applied. Application for Switch out shall be treated as redemption application, and the Applicable NAV based on the cut off time for redemption shall be applied.</p> <p>Repurchase / Redemptions including Switch-outs or Reverse Sweep is not allowed. However, the units of segregated portfolio have been listed on the NSE..</p>
<p>Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches</p>	<p>Minimum Amount of Purchase/Switch-in –Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.</p> <p>Minimum Additional Purchase - Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/-thereafter.</p> <p>Minimum Redemption Amount/Switch-out: - Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- or account balance whichever is lower.</p> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In case the Unitholder specifies the number of Units and amount in the redemption request, the number of Units shall be considered for Redemption. • In case the Unit holder does not specify the number of Units or amount in the redemption request, the request will be rejected. • If the balance Units in the Unitholder’s account do not cover the amount specified in the Redemption request, then the Mutual Fund shall repurchase the entire balance of Units in account of the Unitholder. <p>In case a Unitholder has purchased Units on multiple days in a single folio, the Units will be redeemed / switched out on a ‘First in First Out’ (FIFO) basis, i.e., the Units acquired chronologically first / earlier will be redeemed / switched out first, and the Exit Load, if any, applicable to each of the Units would correspond to the period of time the Units were held by the Unitholder.</p>
<p>Accounts Statements</p>	<p>The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).</p> <p>A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.</p> <p>Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable</p>

	For further details, refer SAI.
Dividend/ IDCW	The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date.
Redemption	<p>The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.</p> <p>For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds</p>
Bank Mandate	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide paragraph 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds by SEBI for the period of such delay.
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount	<p>The unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts may be deployed by the Mutual Fund in call money market or money market instruments or a separate plan of only Overnight scheme / Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Fund specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts are deployed shall be only those Overnight scheme/ Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix as per paragraph 17.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds. AMC's shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of such plan shall be capped as per the TER of direct plan of such scheme or at 50bps whichever is lower.</p> <p>Investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid at the prevailing Net Asset Value. After a period of three years, this amount will be transferred to a pool account and the investors can claim the amount at prevailing NAV at the end of the third year. The income earned on such funds will be used for the purpose of investor education. The AMC will make a continuous effort to remind the investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts. The Fund shall not be liable to pay any interest or compensation on unclaimed amount.</p> <p>For more details on how to claim the unclaimed redemption/IDCW amount, please refer to the website of the Fund viz. https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds.</p>
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	<p>Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMC's shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed.</p> <p>Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the minor may hold account with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.</p> <p>Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account and his/her specimen signature duly authenticated by banker/guardian. Investors</p>

	<p>shall additionally note that, upon the minor attaining the status of major, the account shall be frozen for operation by the guardian on the day the minor attains the age of majority and no further transactions including standing instructions like SIP / STP / SWP shall be allowed till the documents for changing the status are received.</p>
<p>Acceptance of financial transaction through email in respect of non-individual investors.</p>	<p>Non-individual unitholders desiring to avail the facility of carrying out financial transactions through email in respect of PGIM India Mutual Fund schemes shall be abide by the below mentioned Terms & Conditions :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. For acceptance of financial transactions in respect of non-individual investors routed through email, a copy of the Board resolution or an authority letter on the entity's letter head with the necessary authority / delegation from the Board of Directors, granting appropriate authority to the designated officials of the entity. The board resolution/ authority letter shall explicitly mention the following: a) List of approved authorized officials who are authorized to transact on behalf of non-individual investors along with their designation and email IDs. b) An undertaking that the instructions for any financial transactions sent by email by the authorized officials shall be binding upon the entity as if it were a written agreement. ii. In case the transaction document is executed electronically with a valid Digital Signature Certificate (DSC) or through Aadhaar based e-signature by the authorized official/s, the same shall be considered as valid and acceptable, and shall be binding on the non-individual investor even if the transaction request is not received from the registered email id. of the authorized official/s. However, in such cases, the domain name of the email ID should be from the same organization's official domain name. iii. Scanned copy of duly signed transaction form/request letter bearing wet signatures of the authorized signatories of the entity, received from some other official / employee of the non-individual investor may also be accepted, and shall be binding on the non-individual investor provided a) The email is also CC'd (copied) to the registered email ID of the authorized official / signatory of the non-individual investor; and b) the domain name of the email ID of the sender of the email is from the same organization's official domain name. iv. No change in bank details or addition of bank account of the entity or any non-financial transactions shall be allowed / accepted via email. v. Request for change in bank details or addition of bank account of the entity shall be submitted by the non-individual investor using the prescribed service request form duly signed by the entity's authorized signatories. vi. Further, any change in the registered email address / contact details of the entity shall be accepted only through a physical letter (including scan copy thereof) with wet signature of the designated authorized officials of the entity, duly supported by copy of the board resolutions/authority letter on the entity's letter head. vii. Non-Individual investor to use the KORPCONNECT application of KFIN Technologies Ltd (RTA) for upload of financial transactions through mutual fund distributor of the entity or a third party duly authorized by the non-individual investor. Alternatively, scanned copies of signed transaction form/request letter bearing wet signatures of the authorized signatories of the entity, received from the registered mutual fund distributor of the entity or a third party duly authorized by the non-individual unitholder may also be accepted

subject to below conditions: a) Authorization letter from the non-individual unitholder authorizing the MFD/person to send the scanned copies of signed transaction form/request letter on behalf the non-individual investor. b) The non-individual unitholder's registered email id shall also be copied in the email sent by MFD/person sending the scanned copies of the duly signed transaction form/request letter.

viii. All transaction requests to be sent to transact@pgimindia.co.in only from registered Email IDs of the entity. Non-compliance to this will result in such requests being denied by the AMC. Further, these documents shall only be accepted if they are in PDF or JPG format.

ix. The AMC reserves the right to change its Designated Email ID/designate more than one email IDs as Designated Email IDs from time to time, and the same shall be updated on the Statement of Additional Information.

x. Investor availing the facility for submitting financial transactions via email shall retain records of such transactions and share the same with AMC if required, in line with the applicable laws / regulations.

xi. The Designated Email ID will be an Official Point of Acceptance for transactions. The transaction request sent on the Designated Email ID will be time-stamped as per the date and time of the email received on the server of the AMC, and such time stamp shall be considered as final and binding for determining the applicable Net Asset Value (NAV) for the transaction in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

xii. The Investor agrees and acknowledges and is aware that there may be a delay in delivery or difference in the date and time of the email received on the server of the AMC and the date and time of the server through which the Investor has sent the email, and also that the AMC server may not receive / reject the email sent by the Investor.

xiii. The AMC shall act in good faith and shall take necessary steps in connection with the email requests received regardless of the value involved, and the same shall be binding on the Investor. The AMC/ Mutual Fund/ Registrar shall not be held responsible / liable for any loss caused to the investor due to any time lag / error / interception in transmission of transaction through email to the AMC / Mutual Fund/ Registrar and will be held harmless for loss, if any, suffered by the Investor for processing/ not processing transactions received through this Facility.

xiv. The Investor acknowledges that it is an electronic service and that transmissions may not be properly received and may be inadvertently read. Further, the Investor acknowledges and is fully aware of the risks involved in using this Facility including but not limited to such transaction requests being illegible, altered, etc. The Investor agrees that the risk of misunderstanding and errors shall be borne by the Investor, and the AMC shall not be responsible for such breach and shall not be liable for any claims, liability, loss, damage, cost or expenses arising from such misunderstanding or errors caused in transmission.

xv. Investor shall indemnify the AMC/ Mutual Fund/ Registrar from and against all claims, liability, loss, damage, cost and expenses incurred by the AMC/ Mutual Fund/ Registrar arising out of or relating to: a) The AMC/ Mutual Fund/ Registrar acting pursuant to, in accordance with or relying upon any email

requests received or the AMC/ Mutual Fund/ Registrar not processing the email requests for any reason. b) Any unauthorized or fraudulent email request received by the AMC/Mutual Fund/ Registrar from the registered email ID of the investor.

xvi. The Investor also agrees and undertakes to execute any other documents indemnifying the AMC/Mutual Fund/ Registrar.

xvii. The AMC/ Registrar at its sole discretion and in accordance with the terms of the SID of the Scheme reject the transaction received through this Facility and such decision shall be final and binding on the investor.

xviii. The AMC reserves the right to restrict the number / type of schemes being offered through this facility.

xix. This facility is provided subject to provisions of cut off timing for applicability of NAV and time stamping requirements, provisions of the SAI and the respective SID including the provisions of the 'Prevention of Money Laundering and Know Your Customer' requirements as detailed in the SAI, and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations as may be enforced from time to time.

xx. Availing this facility is at the sole discretion of the Investor and that the Investor understands and agrees to be bound by all the terms and conditions applicable to this facility, as amended from time to time.

xxi. The AMC reserves the right to modify or discontinue the T&C of the facility at any time, with any such changes taking effect only on a prospective basis.

III. Other Details

A. Periodic Disclosures:

<p>Fortnightly/Monthly / Half –yearly Disclosures: Portfolio</p> <p>This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.</p>	<p>The Mutual Fund / AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) of the Scheme on fortnightly basis (as on 15th & last day of each month) within 5 days of every fortnight, monthly basis within 10 days from end of each month (i.e. last day of each month) and half yearly basis within 10 days of each half year (i.e. 31st March & 30th September) on website of Mutual Fund Fortnightly portfolio - PGIM India Mutual Fund: Invest in Mutual Funds Online Monthly Portfolio - https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Portfolios/Monthly-Portfolio and Half yearly portfolio - https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Financial-Statements/Scheme-Financials and on the website of AMFI (https://www.amfiindia.com) in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format.</p> <p>In case of Unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Mutual Fund / AMC shall send via email the fortnightly statement of scheme portfolio within 5 days from the close of each fortnight and the monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month / half-year respectively.</p> <p>The AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMC's website https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds. and on the website of AMFI (https://www.amfiindia.com). The AMC shall provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio without any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.</p>
<p>Half Yearly Results</p>	<p>The Mutual Fund shall within one month of the close of each half year i.e., 31st March and 30th September, upload the soft copy of its unaudited financial results containing the details specified in Regulation 59 on its website (https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Financial-Statements/Scheme-Financials) and shall publish an advertisement disclosing uploading of such financial results on its website, in one English newspaper having nationwide circulation and in one regional newspaper circulating in the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. This shall also be displayed on the website of AMFI.</p>
<p>Annual Report</p>	<p>The Scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be provided to all Unit holders not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e., 31st March each year). Scheme wise annual report shall be displayed on the website of the AMC (https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Financial-Statements/Scheme-Financials) and Association of Mutual Funds in India (https://www.amfiindia.com).</p> <p>In case of unitholders whose email addresses are available with the Mutual Fund, the scheme annual reports or</p>

	<p>abridged summary would be sent only by email. Unitholders whose email addresses are not available with the Mutual Fund will have an option of receiving a physical copy of scheme annual reports or abridged summary by post/courier. The AMC shall provide a physical copy of scheme annual report or abridged summary without charging any cost, upon receipt of a specific request from the unitholders, irrespective of registration of their email addresses. Physical copies of annual report will also be available to unitholders at the registered office at all times. The full annual report shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the Unit holders on request on payment of nominal fees, if any.</p> <p>The AMC shall publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on the AMC website (https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Financial-Statements/Scheme-Financials) and on the website of AMFI (https://www.amfiindia.com).</p>
<p>Risk-o-meter</p>	<p>Mutual Fund/AMCs shall disclose risk-o-meter of the scheme and benchmark while disclosing the performance of scheme vis-à-vis benchmark and shall send the details of the scheme portfolio while communicating the fortnightly, monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio via email. Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an email or SMS to unitholders of that particular scheme. Risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and Mutual Funds/AMCs shall disclose the Risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure for all their schemes on the website of the Mutual Fund (https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds) and that of AMFI (https://www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month.</p>
<p>Scheme Summary Document</p>	<p>The AMC has provided on its website a standalone scheme document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme including but not limited to Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc. Scheme summary document is uploaded on the websites of AMC, AMFI and stock exchanges in 3 data formats i.e. PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or XML).</p>

For further details, kindly refer AMC website, SAI and AMFI website.

B. Transparency/NAV Disclosure:

The NAV of the Scheme will be calculated and disclosed on all Business Days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the AMC (<https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds>) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India-AMFI (<https://www.amfiindia.com>) before 11:00 p.m. on every Business Day.

In case NAV of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (‘CDMDF’) units is not available by 9:30 p.m. of same Business Day, NAV declaration timing for Mutual Fund Schemes holding units of CDMDF shall be 10 a.m. on next business day instead of 11 p.m. on same Business Day.

In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI by the next Business Day. If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following Business day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Investor may write to AMC for availing facility of receiving the latest NAVs through SMS. The AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in a user friendly & downloadable spreadsheet format, on fortnightly basis and as on the last day of the month/half year for the scheme(s) on its website <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds> and on the website of AMFI <https://www.amfiindia.com> within 5 days from each fortnight and within 10 days from the close of each month/half year respectively.

In case of unitholders whose email addresses are registered with PGIM India Mutual Fund, the AMC shall send via email fortnightly, monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 5 days from each fortnight and within 10 days from the close of each month/half year respectively. The AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMC's website <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds> and on the website of AMFI (<https://www.amfiindia.com>). The AMC shall provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio without any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

C. Transaction charges and stamp duty:

- **Transaction charges:**

No transaction charges shall be deducted from the subscription amount for transactions/ applications received through distributors (i.e. in Regular Plan).

- **Stamp Duty:**

Mutual fund units issued against Purchase transactions (whether through lump-sum investments or SIP or STP or switch-ins or reinvestment under IDCW Option) would be subject to levy of stamp duty @ 0.005% of the amount invested. The rate and levy of stamp duty may vary as amended from time to time.

For further details, kindly refer SAI.

D. Associate Transactions:

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

E. Taxation:

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors / authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

Particulars	Taxability in the hands of Individuals / Non-corporates / Corporates	
	Resident	Non-Resident
Tax on distributed income (dividend income)	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at applicable rate under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (Act)	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at the rate of 20% under section 115A/ 115AD of the Act (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)
Acquired before 1 April 2023		
Long term capital gains		
Listed units (Holding period > 12 months)	12.5% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) without indexation benefit	12.5% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) without foreign currency benefit and indexation benefit
Unlisted units (Holding period > 24 months)	12.5% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) without indexation benefit	12.5% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) without foreign currency benefit and indexation benefit
Short term capital gains		
Listed (Holding period <= 12 months)/ Unlisted units (Holding period <= 24 months)	Will be taxed at the applicable rates depending upon the slab of each individual (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)	Will be taxed at the applicable rates depending upon the slab of each individual (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)
Acquired on or after 1 April 2023		
Capital Gains on Specified Mutual Funds irrespective of period of holding (Refer Note 2)	Will be taxed at the applicable rates depending upon the slab of each individual (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)	Will be taxed at the applicable rates depending upon the slab of each individual (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)

Note –

1. PGIM India Mutual Fund is a Mutual Fund registered with the Securities & Exchange Board of India and hence the entire income of the Mutual Fund will be exempt from income tax in accordance with the provisions of section 10(23D) of the Act.
2. Finance Act (No.2) 2024 has amended the definition of ‘specified mutual fund’ under section 50AA of the Act with effect from financial year 2025-26 to mean:
 - i. a mutual fund scheme which invest more than sixty five percent of its total proceeds is invested debt and money market instruments; or
 - ii. a fund which invests sixty-five per cent or more of its total proceeds in units of fund referred above.

The aforesaid definition will be applicable to units which will be sold from 1 April 2025.

3. Surcharge at the following rate to be levied in case of individual / HUF/ non-corporate non-firm unit holders:

Income	Individual/ HUF / non-corporate non-firm unit holders
(a) Above Rs 50 lakh upto Rs 1 crore (including dividend income and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)	10%
(b) Above Rs 1 crore upto Rs 2 crores (including dividend income and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)	15%
(c) Above Rs 2 crores upto Rs 5 crores [excluding dividend income (dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act]	25%
(d) Above Rs 5 crores [excluding dividend income (dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act]	37%*
(e) Above Rs 2 crores [including dividend income (dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)] but not covered in point (c) and (d) above	15%

*Surcharge rate shall not exceed 25% in case of individual and HUF opting for default tax regime under section 115BAC of the Act.

4. Surcharge rates for Companies

Total Income	Rate of Surcharge for Domestic companies*	Rate of Surcharge for Foreign Companies
Above Rs 1 crore upto Rs 10 crores	7%	2%
Above Rs 10 crores	12%	5%

*Surcharge rate shall be 10% in case resident companies opting taxation under section 115BAA and section 115BAB on any income earned.

In case of firm with total income exceeding Rs.1 crore, surcharge rate shall be 12%.

5. Health and Education cess @ 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.
6. Withholding of Taxation by Mutual Fund will as per applicable withholding tax rate.
7. All the above non-resident investors may also claim the tax treaty benefits available, if any.

F. Rights of Unitholders:

Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information for details.

G. List of official points of acceptance:

For the list of official point of acceptance, please refer link: <https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Other-Disclosures/Others/SID-KIM-SAI-related-Disclosure>

H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

For Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority, please refer this link :<https://www.pgimindia.com/mutual-funds/disclosures/Other-Disclosures/Others/SID-KIM-SAI-related-Disclosure>

The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Board of Directors of PGIM India Trustees Private Limited (Trustees to PGIM India Mutual Fund) on October 17, 2019. The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme approved is a new product offered by PGIM India Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of its existing schemes.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited
(Asset Management Company to PGIM India Mutual Fund)

Sd/-
Abhishek Tiwari
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 27, 2025
Place: Mumbai